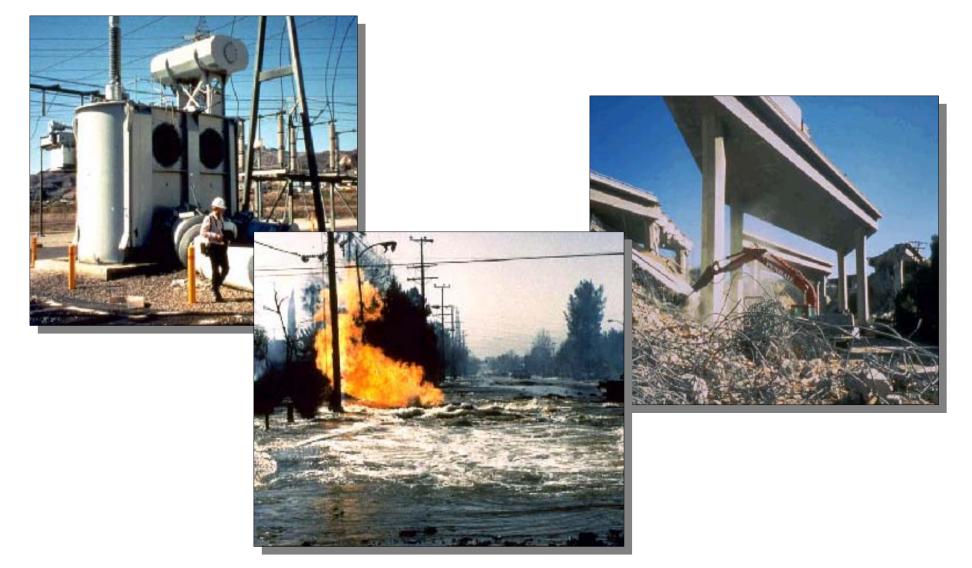
# **NONBUILDING STRUCTURES**





Instructional Material Complementing FEMA 451, Design Examples

# **Nonbuilding Structures**

# Same:

- Basic ground motion hazards
- Basic structural dynamics

# Different:

- Structural characteristics
- Fault rupture
- Fluid dynamics
- Performance objectives
- Networked systems



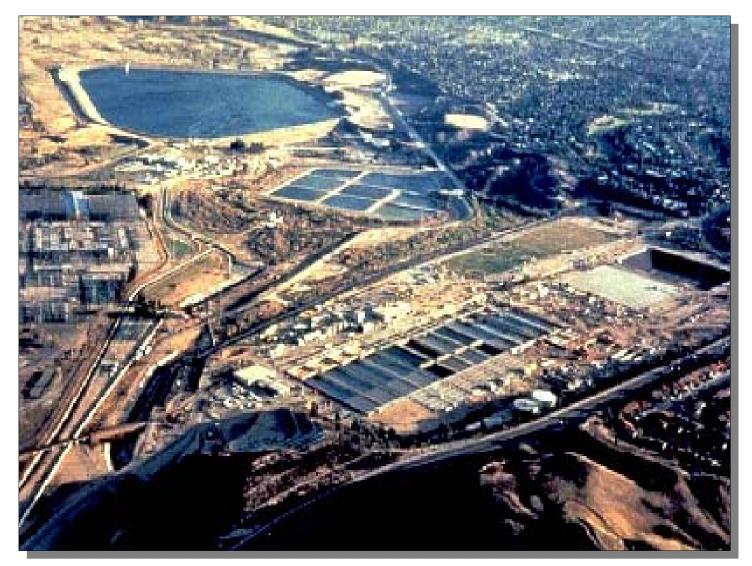


# Dams with Damage

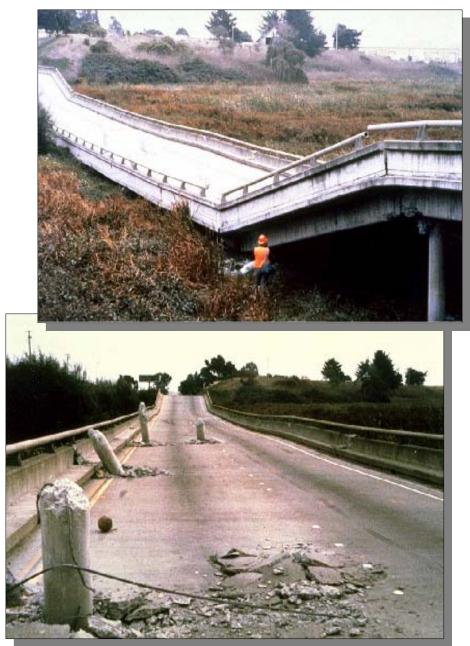




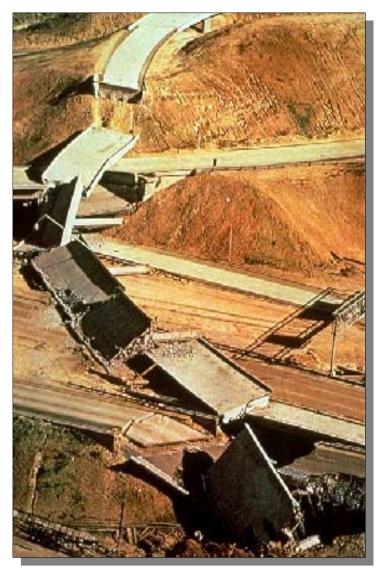
#### **Dam and Water Treatment Plant**









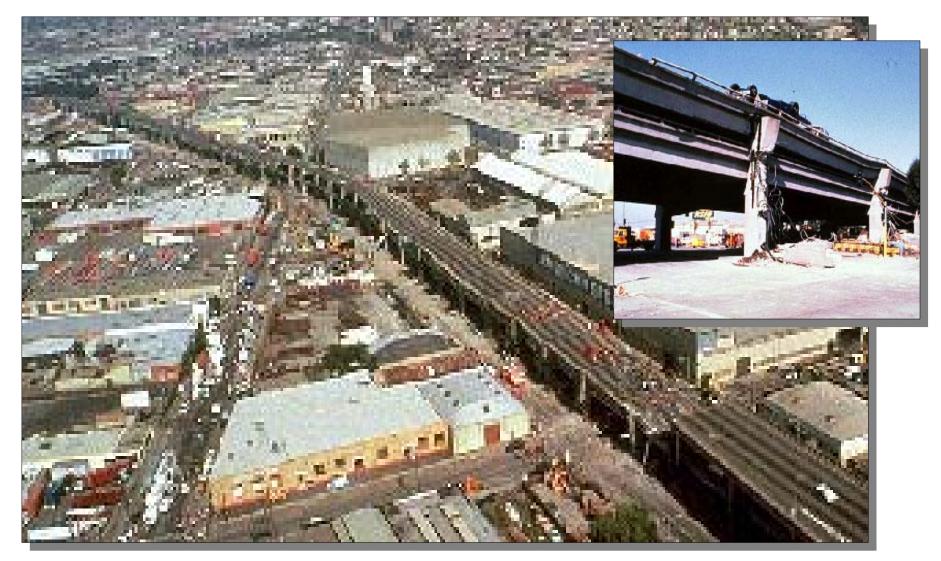








#### **Elevated Roadways (1)**



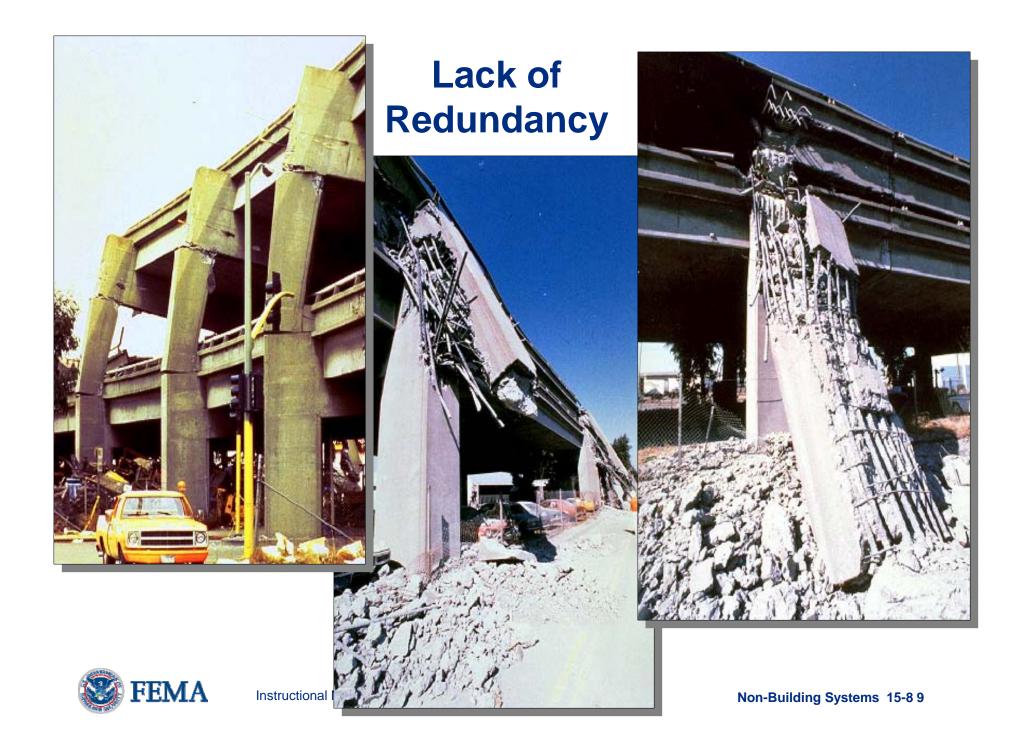


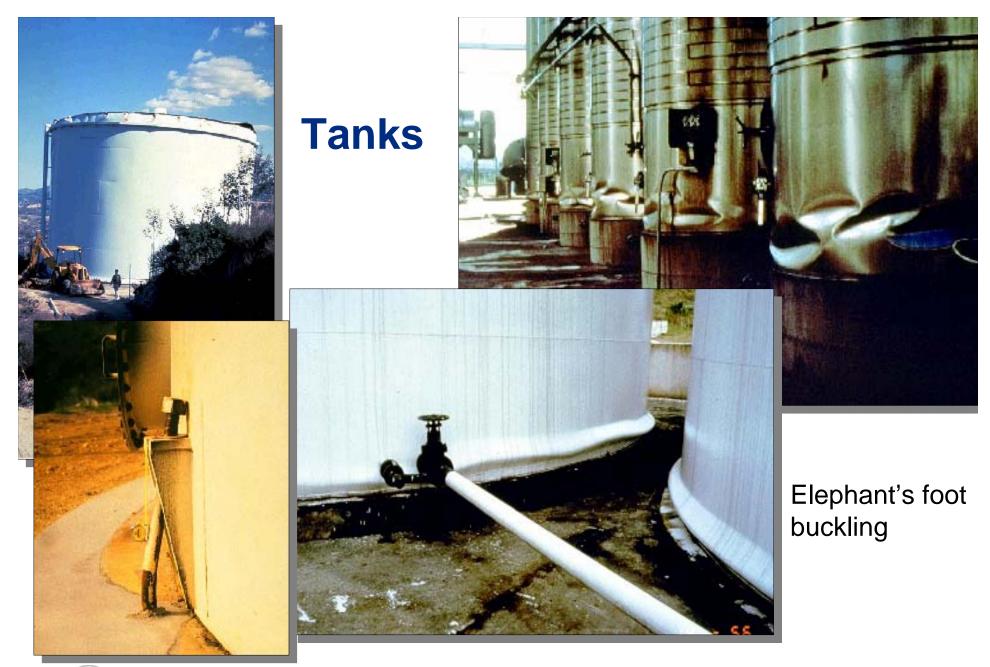


# **Elevated Roadways (2)**





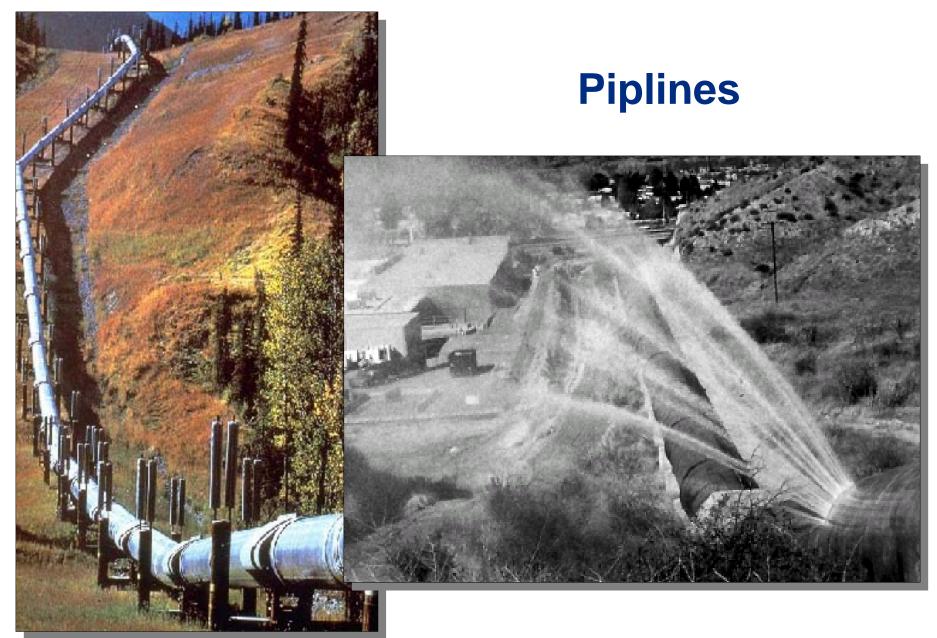




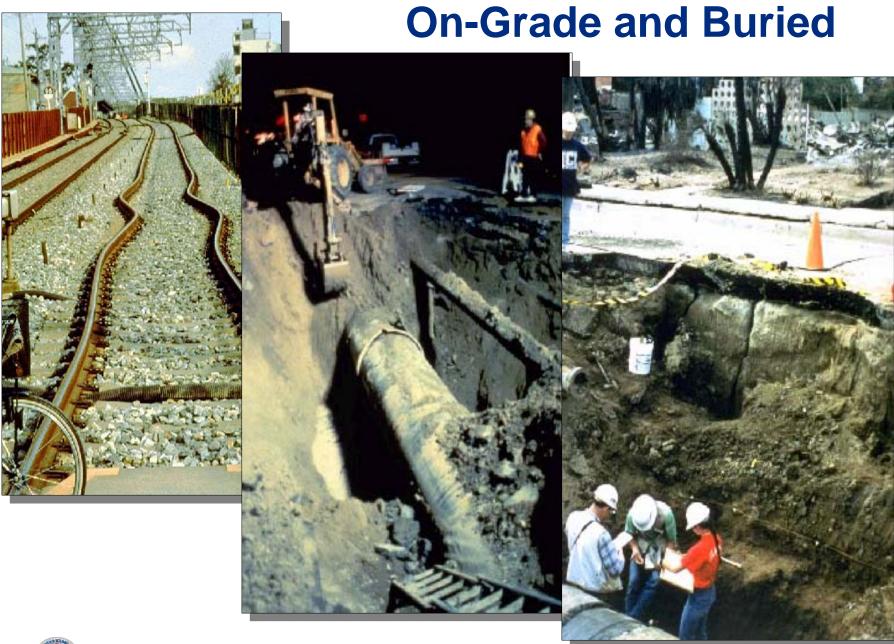




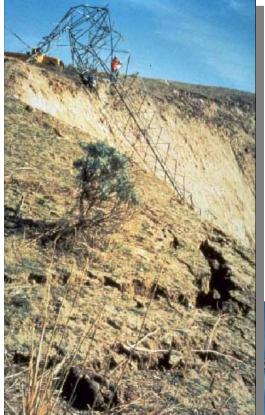












# Electrical Towers and





#### **Substations**



Instructional Material Complementing FEMA 451, Design Examples

# Nonbuilding Structures in the NEHRP Recommended Provisions

SCOPE of Chapter 14:

- Self supporting structures that carry gravity loads.
- Nonbuilding structures may be supported by earth or

by other structures.

EXCLUSIONS:

- Vehicular and railroad bridges
- Nuclear power plants
- Offshore platforms
- Dams



# **Nonbuilding Structures**

### **TWO CLASSIFICATIONS** included in *Provisions*

- **1. Nonbuilding structures similar to buildings**
- Dynamic response similar to buildings
- Structural systems are designed and constructed similar to buildings
- Use provisions of Chapter 14 and applicable parts of Chapter 5, 7, 8, 9, ....
- 2. Nonbuilding structures not similar to buildings
- Design and construction results in dynamic response different from buildings
- Use Chapter 14 and "approved standards" for design



# Nonbuilding Structures defined similar to buildings (2000)

Examples:

- Pipe racks
- Steel storage racks
- Electric power generation facilities
- Structural towers for tanks & vessels

# (Many of these have changed in the 2003 edition)



#### Nonbuilding Structures not similar to buildings

• Use "approved standards" for design. Loads and load distributions shall not be less than those given by NEHRP RP.

Examples:

- Earth retaining structures
- Tanks and vessels
- Telecommunication towers
- Stacks and chimneys
- Buried structures (tanks, tunnels, pipes)



#### Nonbuilding Structures not similar to buildings

Examples of approved design standards:

- Telecommunications structures:
  - ASCE 7, Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures, 1995.
  - TIA/EIA 222F, Structural Standards for Steel Antenna Towers and Antenna Supporting Structures, 1996.
- Steel Stacks and Chimneys:

- ANSI/ASME STS-1-1992, Steel Stacks



- LOADS
  - Weight, W, for calculating seismic forces includes all dead loads and all normal operating contents
  - (grain, water, etc. for bins and tanks)
- DRIFT LIMITATIONS
  - Drift limits of Section 5.2.8 do not apply but must maintain stability. P- $\Delta$  check required.
- FUNDAMENTAL PERIOD
  - Calculate using same methods for buildings (5.3.3)



- VERTICAL DISTRIBUTION OF SEISMIC FORCES
  - Use same methods for buildings:
  - ELF or Modal Analysis
- NONBUILDING STRUCTURES SUPPORTED BY OTHER STRUCTURES
  - $\begin{array}{ll} & \mbox{If $W_{nb}$} < 25\% \mbox{ of $W_{tot}$} \mbox{ treat nonbuilding structure} \\ & \mbox{ as } & \mbox{ component and design per Chapter 6} \end{array}$
  - If  $W_{nb} \ge 25\%$  of  $W_{tot}$  determine seismic forces considering effects of combined structural systems



- SEISMIC COEFFICIENTS AND HEIGHT LIMITS
  - Use smaller R factor from Table 5.2.2 or Table 14.2.1.1
  - In general, height limits for nonbuilding structures are less stringent than those for buildings



#### Table 14.2.1.1: Seismic Coefficients and Height Limits

Structural System	R	$\Omega_{o}$	$C_d$	HL	Х	
Steel storage racks	4	2	31⁄2	NL		
Elevated tanks on braced legs	3	2	21/2	NL		
Reinf conc tanks (nonsliding base)	2	2	2	NL		
Conc silos, stacksw/ walls to fdn	3	1 <sup>3</sup> ⁄4	3	NL		
Trussed towers, guyed stacks	3	2	2 1⁄2	NL		
Self-supporting, not covered by other						
standards and not similar to bldgs	1 1⁄4	2	2 1⁄2	С		



#### • IMPORTANCE FACTOR AND SEISMIC USE GROUP

- Based on relative hazard of contents and function
- Use largest value from Table 14.2.1.2 or from approved standard



• Table 14.2.1.2: Importance Factor and SUG

Importance Factor	<b>I</b> =1.0	l=1.25	l=1.5
Seismic Use Group	I	II	III
Hazard	H-I	H-II	H-III
Function	F-I	F-II	F-III

H-I, H-II and H-III: Relative hazard of stored product

- F-III: Communication towers, fuel storage tanks, cooling towers etc., required for the operation of SUG III buildings
- F-II: Not applicable



#### Nonbuilding Structures Chapter 14 Appendix

- Additional design procedures and recommendations for:
- Electrical transmission, substation and distribution structures
- Buried structures
- represents current industry accepted design practice
- info not ready for inclusion in main body of chapter

