

Program Ordinary Differential Equation 2 - ODE2

```

function ode2
%*****
%
%                               *
%          FINITE ELEMENT METHOD (FEM)          *
%                               *
% PROGRAM ODE2                               *
%
% A FINITE ELEMENT PROGRAM FOR THE SOLUTION OF THE LINEAR *
% SECOND ORDER DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION          *
%
%          D ( A DU/DX)/DX + B DU/DX + C U + D = 0      *
%
% WHERE A, B, C, AND D CAN BE ANY SPECIFIED FUNCTION OF X *
%
% EQUIVALENT FINITE ELEMNET EQUATION:          *
%
%          SK(I,J)*U(J)=Q(I)                   *
%
%
% NUMEL = NUMBER OF ELEMENTS                    *
% XDIS  = LENGTH IN X-DIRECTION                 *
% XORD(I) = X-COORDINATE OF EACH NODE          *
% U(I)   = NODAL VALUE OF DEPENDENT VARIABLE U(X) *
% Q(I)   = EQUIVALENT NODAL VALUE OF D(X).     *
%
% WHEN SPECIFIED AS BOUNDARY CONDITION IT ALSO *
% INCLUDES (A DU/DX) EVALUATED AT BOUNDARY POINT *
%
% NPBC(I) = NODAL POINT BOUNDARY CONDITION     *
%          NPBC = 0: Q OR RHS IS KNOWN         *
%          U IS UNKNOWN                         *
%          NPBC = 1: Q IS UNKNOWN              *
%          U IS KNOWN                           *
%
% GPTS(I) = ARRAY OF GUASSIAN QUADRATURE POINTS *
% GWTS(I) = ARRAY OF WEIGHTS FOR ABOVE POINTS  *
%
% DIMENSIONS: MXNN = NUMEL + 1                 *
%*****

```

Program Ordinary Differential Equation 2 - ODE2

```

clc

%*****
% Gaussian Quadrature Points and Weights
%*****

gpts(1) = 0.93246951; gpts(2) = 0.66120938; gpts(3) = 0.23861018;
gpts(4) = -gpts(3); gpts(5) = -gpts(2); gpts(6) = -gpts(1);

gwts(1) = 0.17132449; gwts(2) = 0.36076157; gwts(3) = 0.46791393;
gwts(4) = gwts(3); gwts(5) = gwts(2); gwts(6) = gwts(1);

%=====
% OPEN INPUT FILES
%=====
fileID = -1;
errmsg = '';
while fileID < 0
    disp(errmsg);
    file = input('Open file: ', 's');
    filein = strcat(file, '.in');
    [fileID,errmsg] = fopen(filein);
end

fileout = strcat(file, '.out');

%=====
% ECHO INPUT DATA =
%=====
numnp = fscanf(fileID, '%d', 1);
numel = numnp-1;

X = ['Number of nodes : ', num2str(numnp)];
disp(X)
X = ['Number of elements : ', num2str(numel)];
disp(X)

```

6-point Gaussian quadrature from $-1 < x < 1$

Gaussian quadrature points

Gaussian quadrature weights

Opens input file *.in (must exist) and *.out file for results.

Program Ordinary Differential Equation 2 - ODE2

```

xord(1:numnp,1)=0;
npbc(1:numnp,1)=0;
u(1:numnp,1)=0;
q(1:numnp,1)=0;

s1 = zeros(numnp);
s2 = zeros(numnp);
s3 = zeros(numnp);
sq = zeros(numnp,1);

l = 1;

while feof(fileID) == 0
    A = fscanf(fileID,'%d %f %f %f',5);
    np=A(1);
    npbc(np)=A(2);
    xord(np)=A(3);
    u(np)=A(4);
    q(np)=A(5);
    ll = np - 1;
    if ll > 0
        diff = np + 1 - 1;
        dx = (xord(np) - xord(1 - 1)) / diff;
        dq = (q(np) - q(1 - 1)) / diff;

        for i = 1:np - 1
            npbc(i) = npbc(i - 1);
            xord(i) = xord(i - 1) + dx;
            q(i) = q(i - 1) + dq;
            l = l + 1;
        end %for loop
    end %if
    l = l + 1;
end %while loop

fclose(fileID);

```

Allocate arrays

Read input file *.in

Generate values for nodes, u(x), and q(x)

Program Ordinary Differential Equation 2 - ODE2

```

fileID = fopen(fileout,'w');
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n',' ');
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n','*****');
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n','***');
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n','***          ODE2 - The University of Memphis          ***');
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n','**');
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n','*****');
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n',' ');
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n','Input Data');
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n','-----');
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n','Node      Code      x      u      q ');
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n','-----');

for i = 1:numnp
    fprintf(fileID,'%4i %11i %18.5f %13.5f %13.5f\r\n', i, npbc(i), xord(i), u(i), q(i));
end % Next i

%=====
% BEGIN INITIALIZATION =
%=====
nqpts = 6;

```

Echo input file data to output file *.out

Program Ordinary Differential Equation 2 - ODE2

```

%=====
%   FORMATION OF SK MATRIX   =
%=====
for i = 1:numel

    r1 = xord(i + 1) - xord(i);
    xi = xord(i);
    dxds = r1 / 2;
    dsdx = 1 / dxds;

%=====
%   BEGIN GAUSSIAN QUADRATURE   =
%=====
    for j = 1:ngpts
        xl = (r1 / 2) + (r1 * gppts(j)) / 2;
        xg = xi + xl;
        s = gppts(j);
        sw = gwts(j);
        dndx(1) = dsn(1, s) * dsdx;
        dndx(2) = dsn(2, s) * dsdx;

        for k = 1:2
            for l = 1:2
                ke = (i-1)+k;
                le = (i-1)+l;
                s1(ke, le) = ***** BLEEP *****;
                s2(ke, le) = s2(ke, le) + sn(k, s) * b(xg) * dndx(1) * sw * dxds;
                s3(ke, le) = ***** BLEEP *****;
            end % l
            sq(ke) = sq(ke) + sn(k, s) * d(xg) * sw * dxds;
        end % k
    end % j
end % i = 1:numel

sk = s1-s2-s3;
    
```

Annotations:

- Length of element (points to `r1 = xord(i + 1) - xord(i);`)
- $\frac{d\xi}{dx}$ (points to `dxds = r1 / 2;`)
- Maps Gauss point into global coordinates (points to `xl = (r1 / 2) + (r1 * gppts(j)) / 2;`)
- Interpolation Function defined in $-1 < \xi < 1$ (points to `dndx(1) = dsn(1, s) * dsdx;`)
- Terms associated with $a(x)$ (points to `s1(ke, le) = ***** BLEEP *****;`)
- Terms associated with $c(x)$ (points to `s3(ke, le) = ***** BLEEP *****;`)
- Position in sk array as a function of the element number i (points to `sk = s1-s2-s3;`)

Program Ordinary Differential Equation 2 - ODE2

```

%=====
%   ALL ELEMENTS ARE NOW ASSEMBLED IN GLOBAL MATRIX EQUATION.   =
%   KNOWN VALUES OF U(I) MUST BE ACCOUNTED FOR.   =
%=====

for i = 1:numnp
    if npbc(i) == 1
        for j = 1:numnp
            if j ~= i
                sq(j) = sq(j) - u(i)*sk(j,i);
            end
        end
        sk(i,1:numnp) = 0;
        sk(1:numnp,i) = 0;
        sk(i,i) = 1;
        sq(i) = u(i);
    end
end % i

u = sk\sq;
    
```

Annotations:

- Apply boundary conditions (points to `if npbc(i) == 1`)
- Solve equations (points to `u = sk\sq;`)

Program Ordinary Differential Equation 2 - ODE2

```

%=====
% Plot results
%=====
plot(xord,u,'b-o','LineWidth',2,'MarkerFaceColor','b');
title('ODE2')
xlabel('x')
ylabel('u(x)')

%=====
% Print to output file *.out
%=====
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n',' ');
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n','Output Data');
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n','-----');
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n','Node      x      u ');
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n','-----');

for i = 1:numnp
    fprintf(fileID,'%4i %16.5f %13.5f\r\n', i, xord(i),u(i) );
end %i

fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n',' ');
fprintf(fileID,'%s\r\n','ODE2 analysis complete');

fclose(fileID);

disp('ODE2 analysis complete')

%End of ODE2 function =====
end

```

Plot results

Print results to *.out file

Program Ordinary Differential Equation 2 - ODE2

```

function sn1 = sn(i, x)
    if i == 1
        sn1 = ***** BLEEP *****;
    else
        sn1 = 0.5 * x + 0.5;
    end
end

function dsn1 = dsn(i)
    if i == 1
        dsn1 = ***** BLEEP *****;
    else
        dsn1 = 0.5;
    end
end

function a1 = a(x)
    a1 = 29000;
end

function b1 = b(x)
    b1 = 0;
end

function c1 = c(x)
    c1 = 0;
end

function d1 = d(x)
    d1 = 10*(1-x/120);
end

```

N - linear interpolation functions $-1 < x < 1$

N' - linear interpolation functions $-1 < x < 1$

General function for:
 $d(A \frac{dU}{dX})/dX + B \frac{dU}{dX} + C U + D = 0$

Program Ordinary Differential Equation 2 - ODE2

Typical input file format:

5				
1	1	1.0	1.0	0.0
2	0	1.25	0.0	0.0
3	0	1.50	0.0	0.0
4	0	1.75	0.0	0.0
5	1	2.0	1.0	0.0

numnp - Number of nodes in mesh
numel = numnp - 1

q(i) values

u(i) values

xord(i) - x coordinate of node point

npbc - node point boundary condition
npbc(i) = 0 → u(i) is unknown
npbc(i) = 1 → u(i) is known

Node number - must be consecutively numbered

Program Ordinary Differential Equation 2 - ODE2

Typical input file format:

9				
1	1	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0	15.0	0.0	0.0
9	0	120.0	0.0	0.0

numnp - Number of nodes in mesh
numel = numnp - 1

Missing values of u(i) and q(i) are automatically generated in a manner identical to that used in the node and xord(i) generation

Missing nodes are automatically generated
In this case, nodes 2 - 8 are generated at an interval of 15.0 → (120-15)/(9-2)

Program Ordinary Differential Equation 2 - ODE2

Typical output file format:

```

*****
**                                     **
***      ODE2 - The University of Memphis      ***
**                                     **
*****

Input Data
-----
Node      Code      x          u          q
-----
1         1         0.00000   0.00000   0.00000
2         0         15.00000  0.00000   0.00000
3         0         30.00000  0.00000   0.00000
4         0         45.00000  0.00000   0.00000
5         0         60.00000  0.00000   0.00000
6         0         75.00000  0.00000   0.00000
7         0         90.00000  0.00000   0.00000
8         0         105.00000 0.00000   0.00000
9         0         120.00000 0.00000   0.00000

Output Data
-----
Node      x          u
-----
1         0.00000   0.00000
2         15.00000  0.27317
3         30.00000  0.47845
4         45.00000  0.62554
5         60.00000  0.72414
6         75.00000  0.78394
7         90.00000  0.81466
8         105.00000 0.82597
9         120.00000 0.82759
    
```

Listing of generated values of xord(i), u(i), and q(i)

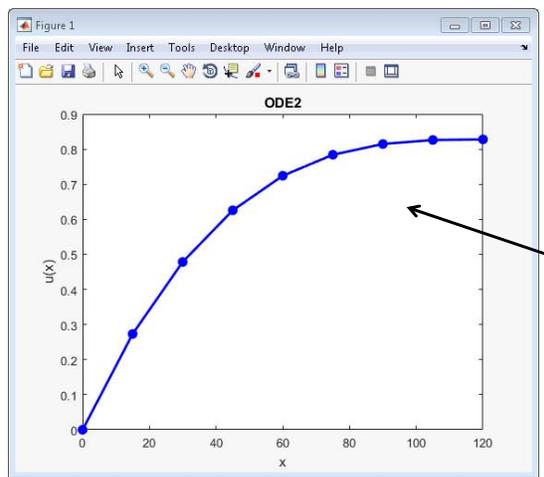
FEM solution for the u(x) at the listed nodes

Program Ordinary Differential Equation 2 - ODE2

```

>>ode2
Open file: test1
Number of nodes : 9
Number of elements : 8
ODE2 analysis complete
>>
    
```

Problem has been solved



Plot of solution

**End of
ODE2 Program**