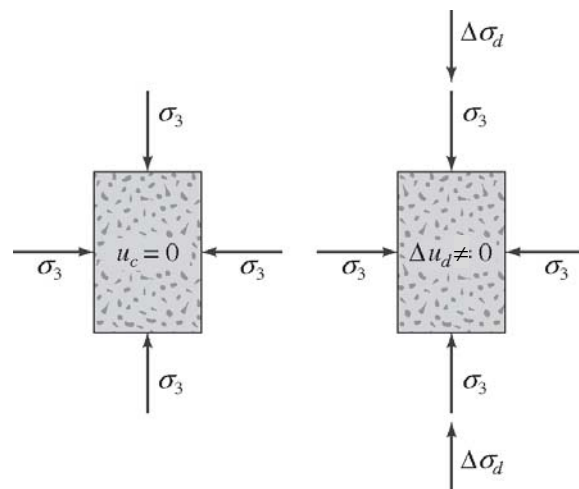


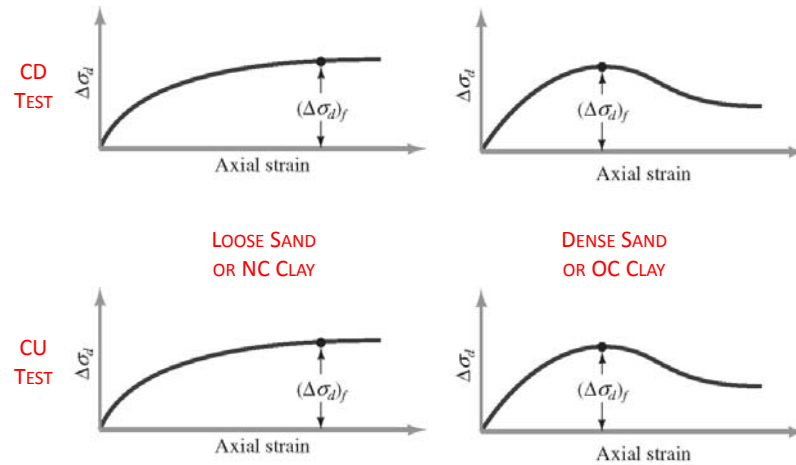
## Shear Strength

(continued)

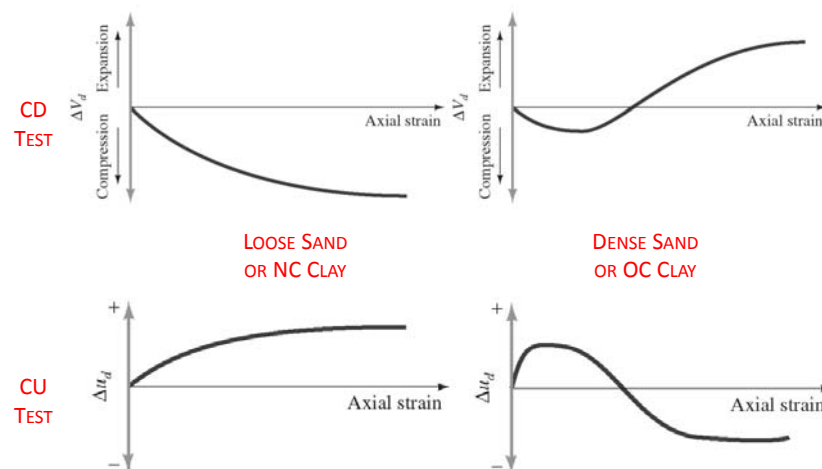
### Consolidated-Undrained Test



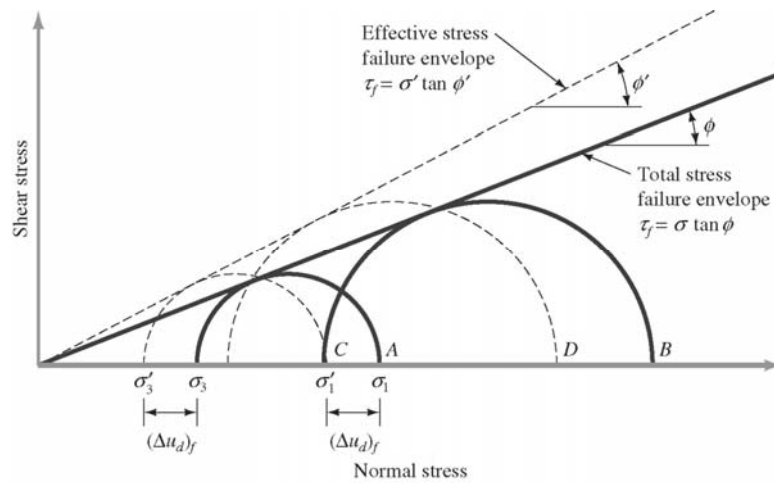
## Stress-Strain Behavior



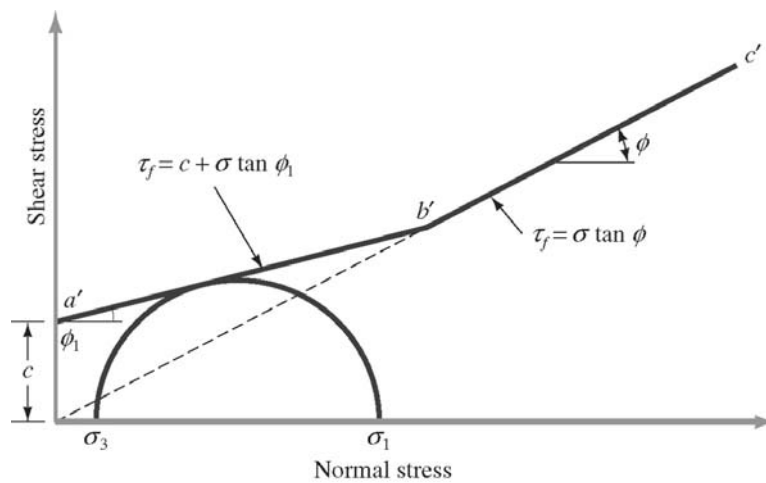
## Volume Change Behavior



## Consolidated-Undrained Test



## Consolidated-Undrained Test



## Skempton's Pore Pressure Parameter

$$\bar{A} = \frac{\Delta u_d}{\Delta \sigma_d}$$

$$\bar{A}_f = \frac{(\Delta u_d)_f}{(\Delta \sigma_d)_f}$$

## Example

### Example 10.5

A consolidated-undrained test on a normally consolidated clay yielded the following results:

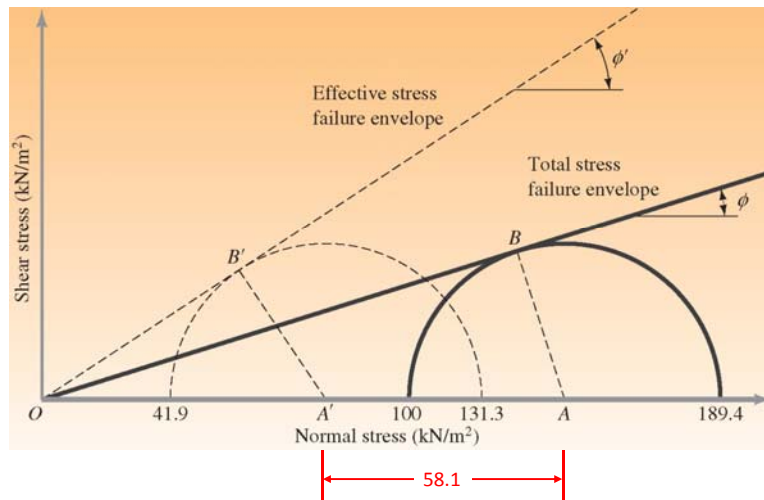
$$\sigma_3 = 100 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{deviator stress, } (\Delta \sigma_d)_f = 89.4 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

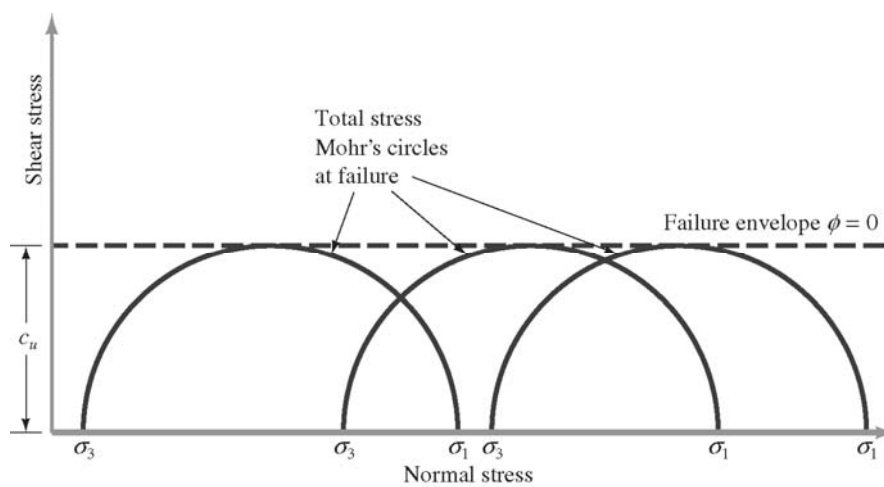
$$\text{pore pressure, } (\Delta u_d)_f = 58.1 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

Calculate the consolidated-undrained friction angle and the drained friction angle.

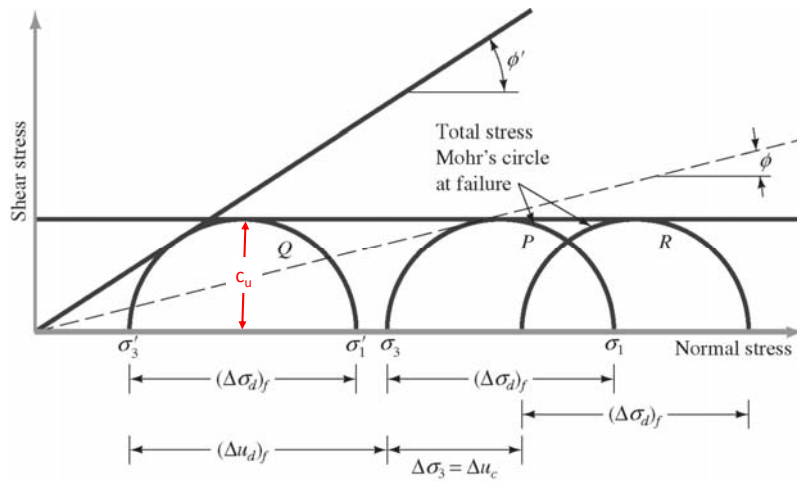
## Example



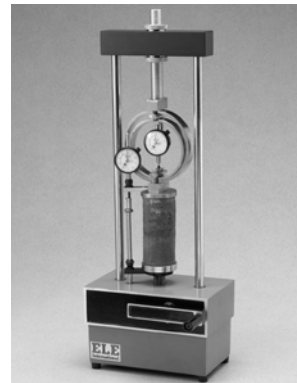
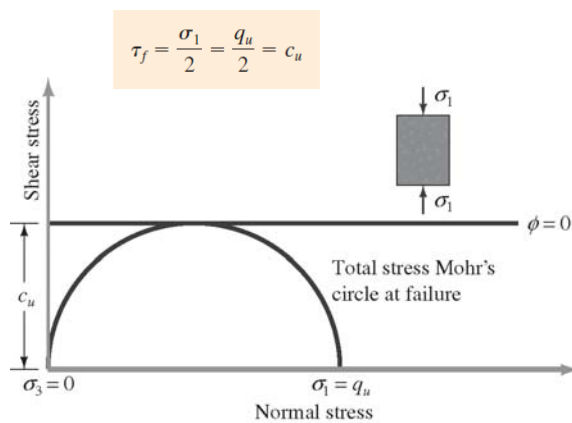
## Unconsolidated-Undrained Test



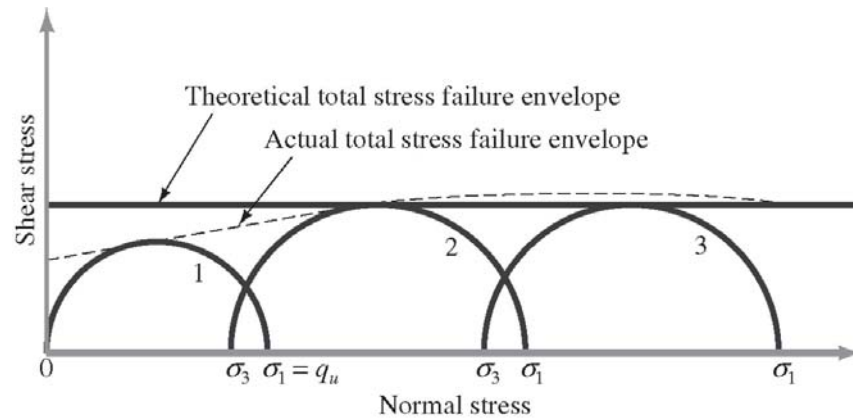
## The $\phi = 0$ Concept



## Unconfined Compression Test



## Unconfined Compression Test



## Unconfined Compression Test

**Table 10.3** General relationship of consistency and unconfined compression strength of clays

Consistency	$q_u$ (kN/m <sup>2</sup> )
Very soft	0–25
Soft	25–50
Medium	50–100
Stiff	100–200
Very stiff	200–400
Hard	>400