

CIVL 4151
Spring 2015
Homework 4

1. For the Proctor test data given below ($G_s = 2.68$):
 - (a) Plot the compaction curves.
 - (b) Establish the maximum dry density and optimum water content for each test.
 - (c) Compute the degree of saturation at the optimum point for each test.
 - (d) Plot the 80%, 90%, and 100% saturation curves.

| Standard | | Intermediate | | Modified | |
|----------|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|
| w (%) | γ_d (kN/m ³) | w (%) | γ_d (kN/m ³) | w (%) | γ_d (kN/m ³) |
| 9.9 | 15.96 | 8.3 | 16.86 | 7.9 | 17.42 |
| 11.3 | 16.12 | 10.8 | 17.17 | 10.0 | 17.67 |
| 13.4 | 16.52 | 13.3 | 17.49 | 12.2 | 18.08 |
| 16.1 | 16.87 | 16.6 | 17.41 | 15.0 | 17.99 |
| 19.1 | 16.75 | 19.8 | 16.80 | 17.7 | 17.36 |
| 21.7 | 16.16 | 22.0 | 16.16 | 19.6 | 16.97 |

2. For the soil in Problem 1, determine the moisture content range permitted if a contractor must achieve 90% of the Modified Proctor maximum density.
3. If the soil in the previous problem has a moisture content of 10% when it was obtained from the borrow pit, how much water (in liters) must be added to a cubic meter of soil to bring it to the optimum moisture content so it can be placed and compacted?
4. The values of e_{\max} and e_{\min} for a clean sand ($G_s = 2.70$) are 0.42 and 0.71, respectively. What is the corresponding range in dry unit weight? If the soil is compacted in the field to a wet unit weight of 19.40 kN/m³ at a moisture content of 10.2% what is the relative density in the field?
5. You have just performed a sand cone test in a compacted fill made of the soil shown in Example 5.1 in your textbook. The soil removed from the hole had a mass of 2675 g and a 131.2-g sample of that soil lost 17.1 g of mass upon drying. Below are the relevant data recorded from the sand cone:
 - Calibrated dry density of the Ottawa sand = 1570 kg/m³
 - Calibrated mass of sand to fill the cone and plate = 645 g
 - Initial mass of sand cone apparatus = 8456 g
 - Final mass of sand cone apparatus = 5639 g
 - (a) What are the dry unit weight and water content of the compacted fill?
 - (b) Referring to Example 5.1 in your textbook, what relative compaction did the contractor achieve?
 - (c) If the compaction specifications call for a minimum of 95% relative compaction at a moisture content between $w_{\text{opt}} + 1\%$ and $w_{\text{opt}} - 3\%$ did the contract meet the specifications?