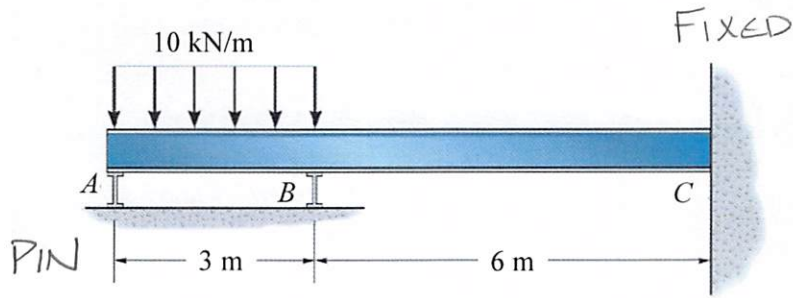


Determine the moments at B and C. Assume A and B are rollers, C is fixed, and EI is constant.



$$FEM_{BA} = \frac{WL^2}{8} = \frac{(10 \text{ kN/m})(3 \text{ m})^2}{8} = 11.25 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{BA} = \frac{3EI}{3 \text{ m}} [\theta_B] + 11.25 \text{ kNm} \quad (1)$$

$$M_{BC} = \frac{2EI}{6 \text{ m}} [2\theta_B] \quad (2)$$

$$M_{CB} = \frac{2EI}{6 \text{ m}} [\theta_B] \quad (3)$$

JOINT B

$$\sum M_B = 0 = -M_{BA} - M_{BC}$$

$$M_{BA} + M_{BC} = 0 \quad (4)$$

$$(4) \quad M_{BA} + M_{BC} = 0 = \frac{3EI}{3 \text{ m}} [\theta_B] + 11.25 \text{ kNm} + \frac{2EI}{6 \text{ m}} [2\theta_B]$$

$$\frac{5}{3} \theta_B = -\frac{11.25 \text{ kNm}^2}{EI} \quad \theta_B = -\frac{6.75 \text{ kNm}^2}{EI}$$

$$M_{BA} = \frac{3EI}{3 \text{ m}} [\theta_B] + 11.25 \text{ kNm} = \underline{4.50 \text{ kNm}}$$

$$M_{BC} = \frac{2EI}{6 \text{ m}} [2\theta_B] = \underline{-4.50 \text{ kNm}}$$

$$M_{CB} = \frac{2EI}{6 \text{ m}} [\theta_B] = \underline{-2.25 \text{ kNm}}$$