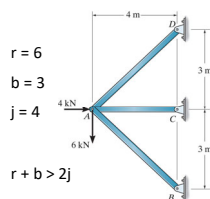


Chapter 9

Analysis of statically indeterminate trusses by the force method



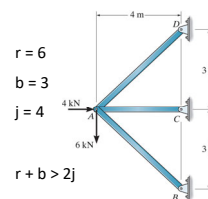
indeterminate

1

Analysis of statically indeterminate structures by the force method

Objectives:

- To show how to apply the force or flexibility method to analyze statically indeterminate **trusses**.



indeterminate

2

Analysis of statically indeterminate structures by the force method

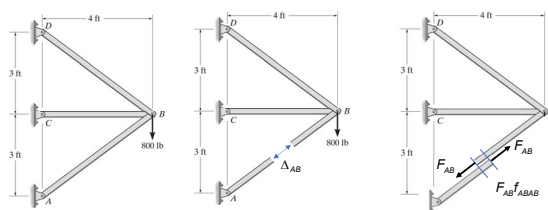
Statically indeterminate trusses

- The force method can also be used to analyze a **truss** that is statically indeterminate to the first or second degree.
- The following examples illustrate application of this method using the procedure for analysis outlined in the textbook.

3

Analysis of statically indeterminate structures by the force method

➤ Example 9.5 - Consider the following indeterminate truss

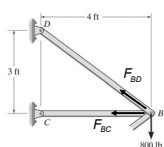


- In this case, the redundant is F_{AB} $\Delta_{AB} + F_{AB}f_{ABAB} = 0$

4

Analysis of statically indeterminate structures by the force method

➤ Example 9.5 - Let's find the displacement Δ_{AB} using virtual work: **real forces**



$$+\uparrow \sum F_y = 0 = \frac{3}{5}F_{BD} - 800 \text{ lb}$$

$$F_{BD} = 1,333.3 \text{ lb}$$

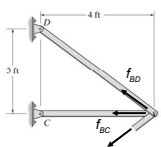
$$\rightarrow + \sum F_x = 0 = -F_{BC} - \frac{4}{5}F_{BD}$$

$$F_{BC} = -1,066.7 \text{ lb}$$

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Analysis of statically indeterminate structures by the force method

➤ Example 9.5 - Let's find the displacement Δ_{AB} using virtual work: **virtual forces**



$$+\uparrow \sum F_y = 0 = \frac{3}{5}f_{BD} - \frac{3}{5}(1)$$

$$f_{BD} = 1$$

$$\rightarrow + \sum F_x = 0 = -f_{BC} - \frac{4}{5}f_{BD} - \frac{4}{5}(1)$$

$$f_{BC} = -1.6$$

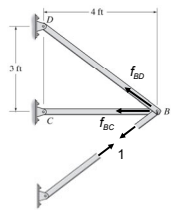
$$\Delta_{AB} = \sum \frac{FfL}{AE} = \frac{1(1,333 \text{ k})(5 \text{ ft})}{AE} + \frac{(-1.6)(-1,067 \text{ k})(4 \text{ ft})}{AE}$$

$$\Delta_{AB} = \frac{13,495 \text{ kft}}{AE}$$

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Analysis of statically indeterminate structures by the **force method**

➤ **Example 9.5** - Let's find the f_{ABAB} coefficient using **virtual work**



$$+\uparrow \sum F_y = 0 = \frac{3}{5}f_{BD} - \frac{3}{5}(1)$$

$$f_{BD} = 1$$

$$\rightarrow + \sum F_x = 0 = -f_{BC} - \frac{4}{5}f_{BD} - \frac{4}{5}(1)$$

$$f_{BC} = -1.6$$

$$f_{ABAB} = \sum \frac{f \Delta L}{AE} = \frac{1(1)(5ft)}{AE} + \frac{1(1)(5ft)}{AE} + \frac{(-1.6)(-1.6)(4ft)}{AE}$$

$$f_{ABAB} = \frac{20.24 ft}{AE}$$

$$f_{BD}f_{BD}$$

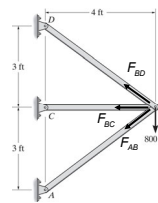
$$f_{BA}f_{BA}$$

$$f_{BC}f_{BC}$$

7

Analysis of statically indeterminate structures by the **force method**

➤ **Example 9.5** - Compute the force F_{AB} $\Delta_{AB} + F_{AB}f_{ABAB} = 0$



$$\frac{13.495 kft}{AE} + F_{AB} \left(\frac{20.24 ft}{AE} \right) = 0$$

$$F_{AB} = -0.667 k$$

$$+\uparrow \sum F_y = 0 = \frac{3}{5}F_{BD} - \frac{3}{5}F_{AB} - 0.8 k$$

$$F_{BD} = 0.667 k$$

$$\rightarrow + \sum F_x = 0 = -F_{BC} - \frac{4}{5}F_{BD} - \frac{4}{5}F_{AB}$$

$$F_{BC} = 0$$

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Analysis of statically indeterminate structures by the **force method**

Let's work some problems

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