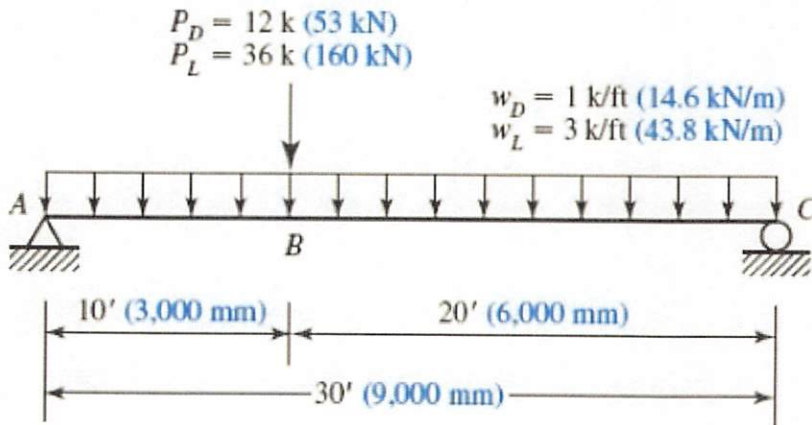


5.5-15 Determine whether a W24 x 104 (W610 x 155) of A992 steel

($F_y = 50 \text{ ksi (345 MPa)}$) is adequate for the beam shown in Figure P5.5-15. The uniform load does not include the weight of the beam. Lateral support is provided at A, B, and C.



FROM TABLE 1-1 (1-18)

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} d = 24.1 \text{ in} \quad t_f = 0.76 \text{ in} \quad \frac{b_f}{2t_f} = 8.50 \quad \frac{h}{t_w} = 43.1 \quad S_x = 258 \text{ in}^3 \\ Z_x = 289 \text{ in}^3 \quad I_y = 259 \text{ in}^4 \quad r_y = 2.91 \text{ in} \quad r_{ts} = 3.42 \text{ in} \quad h_o = 23.4 \text{ in} \\ J = 4.72 \text{ in}^4 \quad C_w = 35200 \text{ in}^6 \end{array} \right.$$

SECTION BC $L_b = 20 \text{ ft} = 20 \text{ ft} (12 \text{ in/ft}) = 240 \text{ in}$

$$L_p = 1.76 r_y \sqrt{E/F_y} = 1.76 (2.91 \text{ in}) \sqrt{\frac{29,000}{50}} = 123.34 < L_b$$

COMPUTE L_r

$C = 1.0$ FOR I-SHAPES

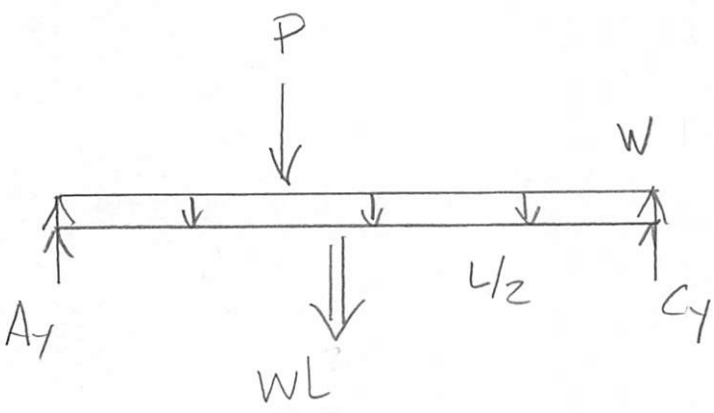
$$\frac{J_c}{S_x h_o} = \frac{4.72 \text{ in}^4 (1.0)}{258 \text{ in}^3 (23.4 \text{ in})} = 7.818 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$L_r = 1.95 (3.42) \frac{29000}{0.7(50)} \sqrt{\frac{J_c}{S_x h_0} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{J_c}{S_x h_0}\right)^2 + 6.76 \left(\frac{0.7 F_y}{E}\right)^2}}$$

$$= 350.16 \text{ m} > L_b \implies \text{USE ASC EQN. F2-2}$$

$$* M_n = C_B \left[M_p - (M_p - 0.7 F_y S_x) \left(\frac{L_b - L_p}{L_r - L_p} \right) \right]$$

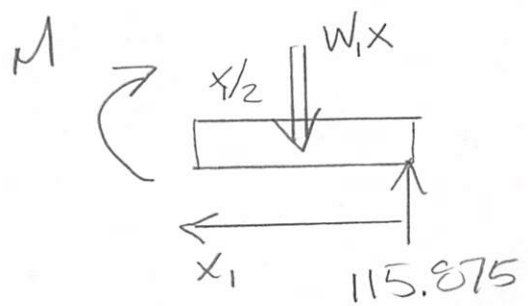
COMPUTE C_B



$$P = 1.2(12k) + 1.6(36k) = 72k$$

$$W = 1.2(1 + 0.104)k/ft + 1.6(3k/ft) = 6.125k/ft$$

$$\sum M_A = 0 = -P(10') - W(30')(15') + C_y(30') \quad C_y = 115.875k$$



$$\sum M_{cut} = 0 = -M + 115.875x - 6.125(x) \frac{x}{2}$$

$$M = -3.0625x^2 + 115.875x$$

$$V = 6.125x + 115.875 = 0$$

$$x = 18.9$$

- $M_A(x=15) = 1,049.06 \text{ kft}$
- $M_B(x=10) = 852.5 \text{ kft}$
- $M_C(x=5) = 502.81 \text{ kft}$
- $M_{max}(x=18.9) = 1,096.1 \text{ kft}$

$$C_B = \frac{12.5(1096)}{2.5(1096) + 3(1049) + 4(852.5) + 3(502.8)} = 1.268$$

$$M_P = F_y Z_x = 50 \text{ ksi} (289 \text{ in}^3) = 14,450 \text{ k.in}$$

$$M_n = C_B \left[M_P - (M_P - 0.7 F_y S_x) \left(\frac{L_b - L_P}{L_r - L_P} \right) \right]$$

$$= 1.268 \left[14,450 - (14,450 - 0.7(50)(258)) \left(\frac{240 - 123.34}{350.1 - 123.34} \right) \right]$$

$$= 14,786.9 > M_P \Rightarrow M_n = M_P$$

$$\phi_b M_n = 0.9(14,450 \text{ k.in}) = 13,005 \text{ k.in} = \underline{1,083.75 \text{ k.ft}}$$

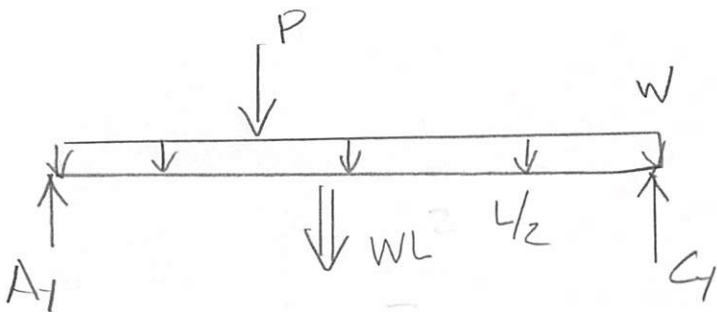
$$M_u = 1,096 \text{ k.ft} > \phi_b M_n \quad \underline{\underline{N.G.}}$$

b) ASD COMPUTE C_b

$$P = 12 \text{ k} + 36 \text{ k} = 48 \text{ k}$$

$$W = (1 + 3 + 0.104) \text{ k/ft}$$

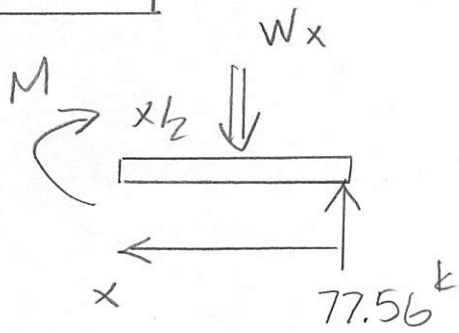
$$= 4.104 \text{ k/ft}$$



$$\sum M_A = 0 = -P(10') - W(30)(15) + C_y(30') \quad C_y = 77.56 \text{ k}$$

5.5-15

4/4



$$\sum M_{cut} = 0 = -M - \frac{wx^2}{2} + 77.56(x)$$

$$M = -2.052x^2 + 77.56x$$

$$V = 4.104x + 77.56 = 0$$

$$x = 18.9'$$

$$M_{max}(x = 18.9) = 732.99 \text{ kft}$$

$$M_A (x = 15') = 701.7 \text{ kft}$$

$$M_B (x = 10') = 570.4 \text{ kft}$$

$$M_C (x = 5') = 336.5 \text{ kft}$$

$$C_B = \frac{12.5(733)}{2.5(733) + 3(702) + 4(570) + 3(336.5)} = 1.268$$

$$M_p = F_y Z_x = 50 \text{ ksi} (289 \text{ in}^3) = 14,450 \text{ k} \cdot \text{in} = 1,204.17 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$M_n = M_n \text{ LRFD} = 14,787 > M_p \Rightarrow M_n = M_p^*$$

$$\frac{M_n}{\Omega_b} = \frac{1,204.17 \text{ kft}}{1.67} = 721.05 \text{ kft} < M_u = 733 \text{ kft}$$

N.G.