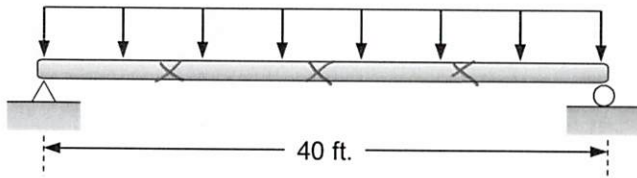


**Classroom Problem 5.5-5:** A W18 x 86 of A992 steel with  $F_y = 50 \text{ ksi}$ ;  $F_u = 65 \text{ ksi}$  is used as a simply supported beam. The only additional load, in addition to the beam weight, is a uniform live load. If lateral support is provided at 10-foot intervals, what is the maximum service load that can be supported?



$$L_b = 10 \text{ ft}$$

\* FROM TABLE 3-1:  $C_b = 1.06$

\* FROM TABLE 3-2

$\phi_b M_p = 698 \text{ kft}$
$L_p = 9.29 \text{ ft}$
$L_r = 28.6 \text{ ft}$

$\therefore L_p < L_b < L_r \Rightarrow \text{USE F2-2}$

$$M_p = 775.6 \text{ kft} = M_r = 0.7 F_y S_x$$

$$= 0.7 (50 \text{ ksi}) 166 \text{ in}^3 = 5,810 \text{ k}\cdot\text{in} = 484.2 \text{ kft}$$

$$M_n = C_b \left[ M_p - (M_p - M_r) \left[ \frac{L_b - L_p}{L_r - L_p} \right] \right] < M_p$$

$$= 1.06 \left[ 775.6 \text{ kft} - (775.6 \text{ kft} - 484.2 \text{ kft}) \left[ \frac{10 - 9.29}{28.6 - 9.29} \right] \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow 810.78 \text{ kft} > M_p \Rightarrow M_n = M_p = 775.6 \text{ kft}$$

$$\phi M_n = 0.90 (775.6 \text{ kft}) = \underline{\underline{698.0 \text{ kft}}}$$

$$M_u = \frac{WL^2}{8} = \frac{(1.2(0.086 \text{ k/ft}) + 1.6L)(40 \text{ ft})^2}{8} = (20.64 + 320L) \text{ kft}$$

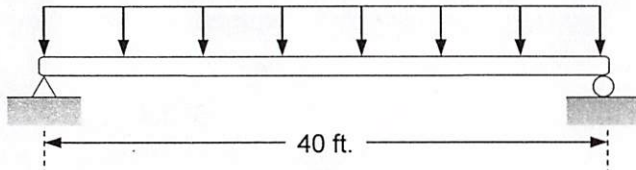
$$\phi M_n = M_u \quad \therefore 698 \text{ kft} = (20.64 + 320L) \text{ kft}$$

$$\underline{\underline{L = 2.12 \text{ k/ft}}}$$

5.5-5

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**Classroom Problem 5.7:** A W18 x 86 of A992 steel with  $F_y = 50 \text{ ksi}$ ;  $F_u = 65 \text{ ksi}$  is used as a simply supported beam. The only load in addition to the beam weight is a uniform live load. If lateral support is provided at 10-foot intervals, what is the maximum service load that can be supported?



FROM TABLE 1-1 (1-22)

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} h/t = 33.4 \quad b/2t = 7.2 \quad S_x = 166 \text{ in}^3 \\ Z_x = 186 \text{ in}^3 \quad r_y = 2.63 \text{ in} \quad r_{st} = 3.05 \text{ in} \\ h_o = 17.6 \text{ in} \quad J = 4.1 \text{ in}^4 \end{array} \right.$$

CHECK COMPACTNESS

$$h/t = 33.4 < \text{LIMIT } 3.76 \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_y}} = 90.55 \quad \text{OK}$$

$$b/2t = 7.2 < \text{LIMIT } 0.38 \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_y}} = 9.15 \quad \text{OK}$$

$$L_b = 10 \text{ ft} (12 \text{ in/ft}) = \underline{120 \text{ in}}$$

FROM TABLE 3-1 (3-18) FOR QUARTER POINTS

$$\underline{C_b = 1.06}$$

$$L_p = 1.76 r_y \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_y}} = 1.76 (2.63 \text{ in}) \sqrt{\frac{29,000 \text{ ksi}}{50 \text{ ksi}}} = 111.48 \text{ in} < L_b$$

\* COMPUTE  $L_r$

$$\frac{J_c}{S_x h_o} = \frac{4.1 \text{ in}^4 (1.0)}{166 \text{ in}^3 (17.6 \text{ in})} = 0.001403$$

$$L_r = 1.95(3.05 \text{ in}) \frac{29,000 \text{ ksi}}{0.7(50 \text{ ksi})} \sqrt{0.001403 + \sqrt{(0.001403)^2 + 6.76 \left( \frac{0.7(50 \text{ ksi})}{29,000 \text{ ksi}} \right)^2}}$$

$$= 342.86 \text{ in} > L_b$$

$$\therefore L_p < L_b < L_r \Rightarrow \text{USE AISC EQ. F2-2}$$

$$M_n = C_b \left[ M_p - (M_p - 0.7F_y S_x) \left[ \frac{L_b - L_p}{L_r - L_p} \right] \right] \leq M_p$$

$$M_p = F_y Z_x = 50 \text{ ksi} (186 \text{ in}^3) = 9,300 \text{ k}\cdot\text{in}$$

$$M_n = 1.06 \left[ 9,300 \text{ k}\cdot\text{in} - (9,300 \text{ k}\cdot\text{in} - 0.7(50 \text{ ksi})(166 \text{ in}^3)) \left[ \frac{120 - 111.48}{342.86 - 111.48} \right] \right]$$

$$= 9,721.79 \text{ k}\cdot\text{in} > M_p$$

$$= \underline{9,300 \text{ k}\cdot\text{in}} = \underline{775.0 \text{ kft}}$$

$$\phi M_n = 0.9(775.0 \text{ kft}) = \underline{697.5 \text{ kft}}$$

CR PROBLEM 5.5-5

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$$M_u = \frac{wL^2}{8} = \frac{(1.2(0.086 \text{ k/ft}) + 1.6L)(40 \text{ ft})^2}{8}$$
$$= (20.64 + 320L) \text{ kft}$$

$$\phi M_n = M_u \quad \therefore 697.5 \text{ kft} = 20.64 \text{ kft} + (320L) \text{ kft}$$
$$\underline{\underline{L = 2.11 \text{ k/ft}}}$$