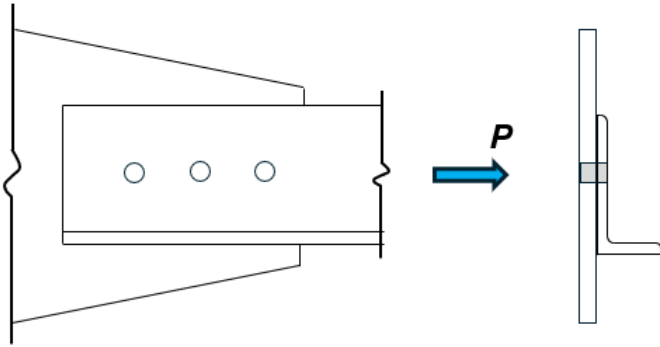
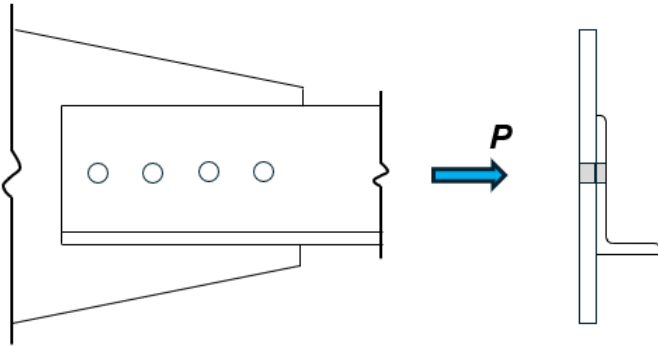


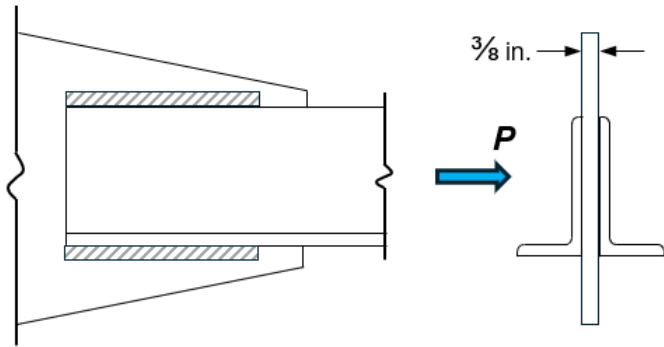
**Classroom Problem 3.6-1:** Use *LRFD* to select a tension member for a roof truss of **A572** Grade 50 steel ( $F_y = 50 \text{ ksi}$ ,  $F_u = 65 \text{ ksi}$ ). The axial dead load is 60 k, the live load is 6 k, and the member is 12 ft. long. Assume  $\frac{7}{8}$ -in.-diameter bolts located on a single gage line.



**Classroom Problem 3.6-2:** Use *LRFD* to select a single angle of **A572** Grade 50 steel ( $F_y = 50 \text{ ksi}$ ,  $F_u = 65 \text{ ksi}$ ) to support a dead load of 15 k and the live load is 40 k. The tension member is 15 ft. long. Assume  $\frac{3}{4}$ -in.-diameter bolts located on a single gage line of at least four bolts.



**Classroom Problem 3.6-3:** Use *LRFD* to select a pair of angles of **A572** Grade 50 steel ( $F_y = 50 \text{ ksi}$ ,  $F_u = 65 \text{ ksi}$ ) to support a dead load of 50 k and the live load is 30 k. The tension member is 22 ft. long. Assume the angles are back-to-back, separated by a  $\frac{3}{8}$ -in. gusset plate, and that the connection is welded, and that  $U = 0.85$ .



**Classroom Problem 3.6-4:** Use *LRFD* to select a single angle of **A572** Grade 50 steel ( $F_y = 50 \text{ ksi}$ ,  $F_u = 65 \text{ ksi}$ ) to support a dead load of 15 k and the live load is 40 k. The tension member is 15 ft. long. Assume  $\frac{3}{4}$ -in.-diameter bolts located on a single gage line of at least four bolts. Use **Table 5-2** in Part 5 of the *Manual*.

