

1

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

- **Manual Table 6-1** was discussed in Chapter 4 in connection with compressive strength.
- This table can also be used to determine the **flexural** and **shear** strengths of W shapes with $F_y = 50$ ksi.
- The table includes all W shapes, including those not covered in other tables or curves, so that it can be used in lieu of those other design aids for $F_y = 50$ ksi.

2

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

- Most pages of the table cover three shapes.
- The headings for each shape are listed twice; once on the **left side** of the page and once on the **right side**.
- The **right side** is used to determine the available flexural strength, M_p/Ω_b or $\phi_b M_p$.
- To obtain the strength, enter the **middle column** with the unbraced length, L_b .

3

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

Table 6-1 (continued)
Available Strength for Members
Subject to Axial, Shear,
Flexural, or Combined Forces
W-Shapes

W16		W18		W21		W24		W30		W36		W42	
bb	wt	bb	wt	bb	wt	bb	wt	bb	wt	bb	wt	bb	wt
P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$
400	139	400	139	400	139	400	139	400	139	400	139	400	139
704	1100	677	1030	567	882	6	437	656	374	563	324	488	688
728	1110	636	956	551	839	6	437	656	374	563	324	488	688
722	1080	622	935	539	810	6	437	656	374	563	324	488	688
704	1000	606	911	529	799	6	437	656	374	563	324	488	688
684	1030	588	894	510	786	6	435	654	372	559	322	484	684
662	995	569	869	493	741	6	437	662	366	561	315	474	674
630	960	540	825	475	715	11	420	631	358	537	306	464	654
614	923	528	793	457	687	12	412	631	358	537	306	464	654
588	885	505	760	437	657	12	412	604	347	513	295	443	643
562	845	482	722	417	627	15	396	596	336	504	284	432	632
532	805	459	690	397	596	15	396	584	328	493	281	422	622
508	763	432	654	376	565	15	396	564	321	482	274	412	612
480	722	411	618	355	533	15	396	550	314	471	267	401	601
452	680	387	581	334	502	15	396	536	306	460	260	391	591
425	639	363	545	313	471	15	396	522	299	449	253	380	580
398	598	339	509	293	440	15	396	508	291	438	246	370	570
345	518	290	441	253	380	15	396	486	277	416	232	349	529
324	482	276	409	235	353	15	396	470	262	404	228	338	518
293	442	253	380	218	327	15	396	454	248	372	215	308	508
274	405	234	346	200	300	15	396	438	234	360	201	291	491
251	377	213	320	183	275	15	396	422	220	342	187	272	472
230	342	190	290	166	249	15	396	406	206	324	172	254	454
208	308	168	256	149	221	15	396	390	192	306	158	236	436
187	273	145	221	132	195	15	396	374	178	288	144	218	418
171	241	127	191	115	167	15	396	358	164	270	134	200	394
151	207	111	167	98.5	144	15	396	342	150	252	122	184	372
137	176	96.7	139	82.7	129	15	396	326	136	234	110	166	354
126	159	89.8	125	77.4	116	15	396	310	122	216	97.8	148	336

Effective Length, L_b , with respect to least column of girders, ft.
Effective Length, L_b , with respect to least column of girders, ft. for X-axis members.
Effective Length, L_b , with respect to least column of girders, ft. for Y-axis members.

Enter the middle column with the unbraced length, L_b .

4

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

Table 6-1 (continued)
Available Strength for Members
Subject to Axial, Shear,
Flexural, or Combined Forces
W-Shapes

W16		W18		W21		W24		W30		W36		W42	
bb	wt	bb	wt	bb	wt	bb	wt	bb	wt	bb	wt	bb	wt
P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$
400	139	400	139	400	139	400	139	400	139	400	139	400	139
704	1100	677	1030	567	882	6	437	656	374	563	324	488	688
728	1110	636	956	551	839	6	437	656	374	563	324	488	688
722	1080	622	935	539	810	6	437	656	374	563	324	488	688
704	1000	606	911	529	799	6	437	656	374	563	324	488	688
684	1030	588	894	510	786	6	435	654	372	559	322	484	684
662	995	569	869	493	741	6	437	662	366	561	315	474	674
630	960	540	825	475	715	11	420	631	358	537	306	464	654
614	923	528	793	457	687	12	412	631	358	537	306	464	654
588	885	505	760	437	657	12	412	604	347	513	295	443	643
562	845	482	722	417	627	15	396	596	336	504	284	432	632
532	805	459	690	397	596	15	396	584	328	493	281	422	622
508	763	432	654	376	565	15	396	564	321	482	274	412	612
480	722	411	618	355	533	15	396	550	314	471	267	401	601
452	680	387	581	334	502	15	396	536	306	460	260	391	591
425	639	363	545	313	471	15	396	522	299	449	253	380	580
398	598	339	509	293	440	15	396	508	291	438	246	370	570
345	518	290	441	253	380	15	396	486	277	416	232	349	529
324	482	276	409	235	353	15	396	470	262	404	228	338	518
293	442	253	380	218	327	15	396	454	248	372	215	308	508
274	405	234	346	200	300	15	396	438	234	360	201	291	491
251	377	213	320	183	275	15	396	422	220	342	187	272	472
230	342	190	290	166	249	15	396	406	206	324	172	254	454
208	308	168	256	149	221	15	396	390	192	306	158	236	436
187	273	145	221	132	195	15	396	374	178	288	144	218	418
171	241	127	191	115	167	15	396	358	164	270	134	200	394
151	207	111	167	98.5	144	15	396	342	150	252	122	184	372
137	176	96.7	139	82.7	129	15	396	326	136	234	110	166	354
126	159	89.8	125	77.4	116	15	396	310	122	216	97.8	148	336

Effective Length, L_b , with respect to least column of girders, ft.
Effective Length, L_b , with respect to least column of girders, ft. for X-axis members.
Effective Length, L_b , with respect to least column of girders, ft. for Y-axis members.

The **right side** is the available flexural strength, M_p/Ω_b or $\phi_b M_p$.

5

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

Table 6-1 (continued)
Available Strength for Members
Subject to Axial, Shear,
Flexural, or Combined Forces
W-Shapes

W16		W18		W21		W24		W30		W36		W42	
bb	wt	bb	wt	bb	wt	bb	wt	bb	wt	bb	wt	bb	wt
P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$
400	139	400	139	400	139	400	139	400	139	400	139	400	139
704	1100	677	1030	567	882	6	437	656	374	563	324	488	688
728	1110	636	956	551	839	6	437	656	374	563	324	488	688
722	1080	622	935	539	810	6	437	656	374	563	324	488	688
704	1000	606	911	529	799	6	437	656	374	563	324	488	688
684	1030	588	894	510	786	6	435	654	372	559	322	484	684
662	995	569	869	493	741	6	437	662	366	561	315	474	674
630	960	540	825	475	715	11	420	631	358	537	306	464	654
614	923	528	793	457	687	12	412	631	358	537	306	464	654
588	885	505	760	437	657	12	412	604	347	513	295	443	643
562	845	482	722	417	627	15	396	596	336	504	284	432	632
532	805	459	690	397	596	15	396	584	328	493	281	422	622
508	763	432	654	376	565	15	396	564	321	482	274	412	612
480	722	411	618	355	533	15	396	550	314	471	267	401	601
452	680	387	581	334	502	15	396	536	306	460	260	391	591
425	639	363	545	313	471	15	3						

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

Table 6-1 (continued)
Available Strength for Members
Subject to Axial, Shear,
Flexural, or Combined Forces
W-Shapes

$F_y = 50$ ksi
 $F_u = 65$ ksi

Shape						W16					
Available Compressive Strength, kips						Available Flexural Strength, kip-ft					
80	77	70	65	60	50	80	77	70	65	60	50
P_n/A_g	$\phi_t P_n$	P_n/A_g	$\phi_t P_n$	P_n/A_g	$\phi_t P_n$	M_n	$\phi_b M_n$	M_n	$\phi_b M_n$	M_n	$\phi_b M_n$
784	1180	877	1020	587	582						
728	1110	826	956	551	538						
672	1040	775	891	515	506						
616	970	724	826	479	474						
560	900	673	761	443	441						
504	830	622	696	407	405						
448	760	571	631	371	370						
392	690	520	566	335	334						
336	620	469	501	299	298						
280	550	418	436	263	262						
224	480	367	371	227	226						
168	410	316	306	191	190						
112	340	265	241	155	154						
56	270	214	189	119	118						

On the **left side**, you will find the available compressive strength.

7

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

- All strength values account for **local buckling** for **noncompact** shapes.
- The strength values correspond to $C_b = 1.0$.
- For other values of C_b , multiply the tabulated values by C_b , just as you would when using the **beam design curves**.

8

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

- Other useful values are given at the bottom of the table.
- On the **left side**, you will find:
 - the available strength in **tension yielding**,
 - the available strength in **tension rupture** ($A_e = 0.75A_g$),
 - the available strength in **shear**, and
 - the available flexural strength for **bending** about the **y-axis**
- On the **right side**, values include L_p , L_r , A_g , I_x , I_y , and r_y .

9

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

Table 6-1 (continued)
Available Strength for Members
Subject to Axial, Shear,
Flexural, or Combined Forces
W-Shapes

$F_y = 50$ ksi
 $F_u = 65$ ksi

Strength						Properties					
Available Strength in Tension Yielding, kips						Limiting Unbraced Lengths, ft					
P_n/A_g	$\phi_t P_n$	P_n/A_g	$\phi_t P_n$	P_n/A_g	$\phi_t P_n$	L_p	L_r	L_p	L_r	L_p	L_r
784	1180	877	1020	587	582						
728	1110	826	956	551	538						
672	1040	775	891	515	506						
616	970	724	826	479	474						
560	900	673	761	443	441						
504	830	622	696	407	405						
448	760	571	631	371	370						
392	690	520	566	335	334						
336	620	469	501	299	298						
280	550	418	436	263	262						
224	480	367	371	227	226						
168	410	316	306	191	190						
112	340	265	241	155	154						
56	270	214	189	119	118						

On the **left side**, you will find:

- available strength in **tension yielding**
- available strength in **tension rupture** (based on $A_e = 0.75A_g$),
- available strength in **shear**, and
- available flexural strength for **bending** about the **y-axis**.

10

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

Table 6-1 (continued)
Available Strength for Members
Subject to Axial, Shear,
Flexural, or Combined Forces
W-Shapes

$F_y = 50$ ksi
 $F_u = 65$ ksi

Strength						Properties					
Available Strength in Tension Yielding, kips						Limiting Unbraced Lengths, ft					
P_n/A_g	$\phi_t P_n$	P_n/A_g	$\phi_t P_n$	P_n/A_g	$\phi_t P_n$	L_p	L_r	L_p	L_r	L_p	L_r
784	1180	877	1020	587	582						
728	1110	826	956	551	538						
672	1040	775	891	515	506						
616	970	724	826	479	474						
560	900	673	761	443	441						
504	830	622	696	407	405						
448	760	571	631	371	370						
392	690	520	566	335	334						
336	620	469	501	299	298						
280	550	418	436	263	262						
224	480	367	371	227	226						
168	410	316	306	191	190						
112	340	265	241	155	154						
56	270	214	189	119	118						

On the **right side**, values include L_p , L_r , A_g , I_x , I_y , and r_y .

11

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

- **Example 5.13:** A W12 x 50 of A992 steel ($F_y = 50$ ksi; $F_u = 65$ ksi) has a simply supported span length of 14 ft with lateral bracing only at the ends and at midspan. A concentrated live load of 40 k is applied at midspan. The only dead load is the beam weight.
- Use **Manual Table 6-1** and determine whether this beam has enough strength.

LRFD Solution $P_u = 1.6(40 k) = 64 k$

$$w_u = 1.2(0.050 k/ft) = 0.060 k/ft$$

$$M_u = \frac{w_u L^2}{8} + \frac{P_u L}{4} = \frac{(0.06 k/ft)(14 ft)^2}{8} + \frac{(64 k)14 ft}{4}$$

$$= 225.5 kft$$

12

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

Example 5.13:
 $L_b = 7\text{ ft}$
 $\phi_b M_n = 269\text{ kft}$
 $> M_u = 225.5\text{ kft}$
O.K.

WTZ		WTZ		WTZ		WTZ		WTZ	
53	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10
P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$
438	600	386	535	333	454	290	396	236	321
428	586	368	516	315	434	272	376	218	296
419	572	351	500	297	416	254	358	200	278
410	558	334	482	279	398	236	340	182	260
401	544	317	464	261	380	218	322	164	242
392	530	300	446	243	362	200	304	146	224
383	516	283	428	225	344	182	286	128	206
374	502	266	410	207	326	164	268	110	188
365	488	249	392	189	308	146	250	92	170
356	474	232	374	171	290	128	232	74	152
347	460	215	356	153	272	110	214	56	134
338	446	198	338	135	254	92	196	38	116
329	432	181	320	117	236	74	178	20	98
320	418	164	302	99	218	56	160	2	80
311	404	147	284	81	200	38	142	-18	62
302	390	130	266	63	182	20	124	-36	44
293	376	113	248	45	164	2	106	-54	26
284	362	96	230	27	146	-16	88	-72	8
275	348	79	212	9	128	-34	70	-90	-10
266	334	62	194	-9	110	-52	52	-108	-28
257	320	45	176	-27	92	-70	34	-126	-46
248	306	28	158	-45	74	-88	16	-144	-64
239	292	11	140	-63	56	-106	-2	-162	-82
230	278	-6	122	-81	38	-124	-20	-180	-100
221	264	-23	104	-99	20	-142	-38	-198	-118
212	250	-41	86	-117	2	-160	-56	-216	-136
203	236	-59	68	-135	-16	-178	-74	-234	-154
194	222	-77	50	-153	-34	-196	-92	-252	-172
185	208	-95	32	-171	-52	-214	-110	-270	-190
176	194	-113	14	-189	-70	-232	-128	-288	-208
167	180	-131	-4	-207	-88	-250	-146	-306	-226
158	166	-149	-22	-225	-106	-268	-164	-324	-244
149	152	-167	-40	-243	-124	-286	-182	-342	-262
140	138	-185	-58	-261	-142	-304	-200	-360	-280
131	124	-203	-76	-279	-160	-322	-218	-378	-298
122	110	-221	-94	-297	-178	-340	-236	-396	-316
113	96	-239	-112	-315	-196	-358	-254	-414	-334
104	82	-257	-130	-333	-214	-376	-272	-432	-352
95	68	-275	-148	-351	-232	-394	-290	-450	-370
86	54	-293	-166	-369	-250	-412	-308	-468	-388
77	40	-311	-184	-387	-268	-430	-326	-486	-406
68	26	-329	-202	-405	-286	-448	-344	-504	-424
59	12	-347	-220	-423	-304	-466	-362	-522	-442
50	-2	-365	-238	-441	-322	-484	-380	-540	-460

13

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

Example 5.13: Since this beam is adequate in flexure with $C_b = 1.0$, it will be adequate with any other value, since the minimum value of C_b is 1.

Check for shear

$$V_u = \frac{w_u L}{2} + \frac{P_u}{4}$$

$$= \frac{(0.06\text{ k/ft})(14\text{ ft})}{2} + \frac{(64\text{ k})}{2}$$

$$= 32.42\text{ k}$$

WTZ		WTZ		WTZ		WTZ		WTZ	
53	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10
P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$
438	600	386	535	333	454	290	396	236	321
428	586	368	516	315	434	272	376	218	296
419	572	351	500	297	416	254	358	200	278
410	558	334	482	279	398	236	340	182	260
401	544	317	464	261	380	218	322	164	242
392	530	300	446	243	362	200	304	146	224
383	516	283	428	225	344	182	286	128	206
374	502	266	410	207	326	164	268	110	188
365	488	249	392	189	308	146	250	92	170
356	474	232	374	171	290	128	232	74	152
347	460	215	356	153	272	110	214	56	134
338	446	198	338	135	254	92	196	38	116
329	432	181	320	117	236	74	178	20	98
320	418	164	302	99	218	56	160	2	80
311	404	147	284	81	200	38	142	-18	62
302	390	130	266	63	182	20	124	-36	44
293	376	113	248	45	164	2	106	-54	26
284	362	96	230	27	146	-16	88	-72	8
275	348	79	212	9	128	-34	70	-90	-10
266	334	62	194	-9	110	-52	52	-108	-28
257	320	45	176	-27	92	-70	34	-126	-46
248	306	28	158	-45	74	-88	16	-144	-64
239	292	11	140	-63	56	-106	-2	-162	-82
230	278	-6	122	-81	38	-124	-20	-180	-100
221	264	-23	104	-99	20	-142	-38	-198	-118
212	250	-41	86	-117	2	-160	-56	-216	-136
203	236	-59	68	-135	-16	-178	-74	-234	-154
194	222	-77	50	-153	-34	-196	-92	-252	-172
185	208	-95	32	-171	-52	-214	-110	-270	-190
176	194	-113	14	-189	-70	-232	-128	-288	-208
167	180	-131	-4	-207	-88	-250	-146	-306	-226
158	166	-149	-22	-225	-106	-268	-164	-324	-244
149	152	-167	-40	-243	-124	-286	-182	-342	-262
140	138	-185	-58	-261	-142	-304	-200	-360	-280
131	124	-203	-76	-279	-160	-322	-218	-378	-298
122	110	-221	-94	-297	-178	-340	-236	-396	-316
113	96	-239	-112	-315	-196	-358	-254	-414	-334
104	82	-257	-130	-333	-214	-376	-272	-432	-352
95	68	-275	-148	-351	-232	-394	-290	-450	-370
86	54	-293	-166	-369	-250	-412	-308	-468	-388
77	40	-311	-184	-387	-268	-430	-326	-486	-406
68	26	-329	-202	-405	-286	-448	-344	-504	-424
59	12	-347	-220	-423	-304	-466	-362	-522	-442
50	-2	-365	-238	-441	-322	-484	-380	-540	-460

14

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

Example 5.13: Since this beam is adequate in flexure with $C_b = 1.0$, it will be adequate with any other value, since the minimum value of C_b is 1.

Check for shear

$$V_u = \frac{w_u L}{2} + \frac{P_u}{4}$$

$$= \frac{(0.06\text{ k/ft})(14\text{ ft})}{2} + \frac{(64\text{ k})}{2}$$

$$= 32.42\text{ k}$$

$$\phi_b V_n = 135 > 32.42\text{ k}$$
O.K.

WTZ		WTZ		WTZ		WTZ		WTZ	
53	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10
P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$	P_u/Ω_c	$\phi_t P_n$
438	600	386	535	333	454	290	396	236	321
428	586	368	516	315	434	272	376	218	296
419	572	351	500	297	416	254	358	200	278
410	558	334	482	279	398	236	340	182	260
401	544	317	464	261	380	218	322	164	242
392	530	300	446	243	362	200	304	146	224
383	516	283	428	225	344	182	286	128	206
374	502	266	410	207	326	164	268	110	188
365	488	249	392	189	308	146	250	92	170
356	474	232	374	171	290	128	232	74	152
347	460	215	356	153	272	110	214	56	134
338	446	198	338	135	254	92	196	38	116
329	432	181	320	117	236	74	178	20	98
320	418	164	302	99	218	56	160	2	80
311	404	147	284	81	200	38	142	-18	62
302	390	130	266	63	182	20	124	-36	44
293	376	113	248	45	164	2	106	-54	26
284	362	96	230	27	146	-16	88	-72	8
275	348	79	212	9	128	-34	70	-90	-10
266	334	62	194	-9	110	-52	52	-108	-28
257	320	45	176	-27	92	-70	34	-126	-46
248	306	28	158	-45	74	-88	16	-	

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

Example 5.14: Enter Manual Table 6-1 with $L_b = 40$ ft.

$$\frac{\phi_b M_{nx}}{C_b} = \frac{880.0 \text{ kft}}{1.211} = 727 \text{ kft}$$

- W 12 x 152
- W 14 x 145
- W 18 x 143*
- W 21 x 147
- W 24 x 146

25

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

Example 5.14: Enter Manual Table 6-1 with $L_b = 40$ ft.

$$\frac{\phi_b M_{nx}}{C_b} = \frac{880.0 \text{ kft}}{1.211} = 727 \text{ kft}$$

- W 12 x 152
- W 14 x 145
- W 18 x 143*
- W 21 x 147
- W 24 x 146
- W 27 x 146

26

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

Example 5.14: Enter Manual Table 6-1 with $L_b = 40$ ft.

$$\frac{\phi_b M_{nx}}{C_b} = \frac{880.0 \text{ kft}}{1.211} = 727 \text{ kft}$$

For $C_b = 1.211$

$$\phi_b M_{nx} = 1.211(771 \text{ kft}) = 934 \text{ kft} > M_u$$

O.K.

27

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

Example 5.14: Enter Manual Table 6-1 with $L_b = 0$ ft to check the upper limit.

$$\frac{\phi_b M_{nx}}{C_b} = \frac{880.0 \text{ kft}}{1.211} = 727 \text{ kft}$$

For $L_b = 0$

$$\phi_b M_{nx} = 1.211(771 \text{ kft}) = 934 \text{ kft} > M_u$$

$$\phi_b M_{px} = 1,570 \text{ kft} > \phi_b M_{nx}$$

O.K.

28

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

Example 5.14: Check beam weight:

$$M_u = 880 \text{ kft} + \frac{1.2(0.146 \text{ k/ft})(40 \text{ ft})^2}{8} = 915.0 \text{ kft} < 934 \text{ kft}$$

O.K.

Check deflection:

$$\Delta_{\text{max}} = \frac{L}{360} = \frac{40 \text{ ft}(12 \text{ in/ft})}{360} = 1.33 \text{ in}$$

$$\Delta_L = \frac{PL^3}{48EI} = \frac{25 \text{ k}(480 \text{ in})^3}{48(29,000 \text{ ksi})4,580 \text{ in}^4} = 0.434 \text{ in}$$

O.K.

29

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

Example 5.14: Check shear:

$$V_u = \frac{40 \text{ k}}{2} + \frac{1.2(2.0 + 0.146) \text{ k/ft}(40 \text{ ft})}{2} = 71.5 \text{ k}$$

30

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1

➤ **Example 5.14:** Check shear:

$$V_u = \frac{40k}{2} + \frac{1.2(2.0+0.146)k/ft(40ft)}{2}$$

$$= 71.5k$$

$$\phi_v V_n = 482k > 71.5k$$

O.K.


Table 6-1 (continued) Available Strength for Members Subject to Axial, Shear, Flexural, or Combined Forces W-Shapes												
W-Shape	Axial Tension			Axial Compression			Flexure			Shear		
	P_n/Ω_t	$\phi_t P_n$	P_n/Ω_c	$\phi_c P_n$	M_n/Ω_b	$\phi_b M_n$	V_n/Ω_v	$\phi_v V_n$	M_n/Ω_{bc}	$\phi_{bc} M_n$	M_n/Ω_{bs}	$\phi_{bs} M_n$
Strength												
Available Strength in Tension, kips												
P_n/Ω_t	$\phi_t P_n$	P_n/Ω_c	$\phi_c P_n$	P_n/Ω_t	$\phi_t P_n$	P_n/Ω_c	$\phi_c P_n$	P_n/Ω_t	$\phi_t P_n$	P_n/Ω_c	$\phi_c P_n$	P_n/Ω_t
1430	2150	1290	1940	1160	1740	1160	1740	1160	1740	1160	1740	1160
Available Strength in Tension, kips												
P_n/Ω_t	$\phi_t P_n$	P_n/Ω_c	$\phi_c P_n$	P_n/Ω_t	$\phi_t P_n$	P_n/Ω_c	$\phi_c P_n$	P_n/Ω_t	$\phi_t P_n$	P_n/Ω_c	$\phi_c P_n$	P_n/Ω_t
1170	1750	1050	1570	943	1410	943	1410	943	1410	943	1410	943
Available Strength in Flexure, kips-ft												
M_n/Ω_b	$\phi_b M_n$	M_n/Ω_b	$\phi_b M_n$	M_n/Ω_b	$\phi_b M_n$	M_n/Ω_b	$\phi_b M_n$	M_n/Ω_b	$\phi_b M_n$	M_n/Ω_b	$\phi_b M_n$	M_n/Ω_b
353	529	321	482	296	445	296	445	296	445	296	445	296
Available Strength in Shear, kips												
V_n/Ω_v	$\phi_v V_n$	V_n/Ω_v	$\phi_v V_n$	V_n/Ω_v	$\phi_v V_n$	V_n/Ω_v	$\phi_v V_n$	V_n/Ω_v	$\phi_v V_n$	V_n/Ω_v	$\phi_v V_n$	V_n/Ω_v
262	394	233	350	203	306	203	306	203	306	203	306	203

Note: Heavy line indicates L_d/r equal to or greater than 200.

31

Chapter 5 – Manual Table 6-1


Let's work on some problems



32

Chapter 5 – Beams

Any questions?



33