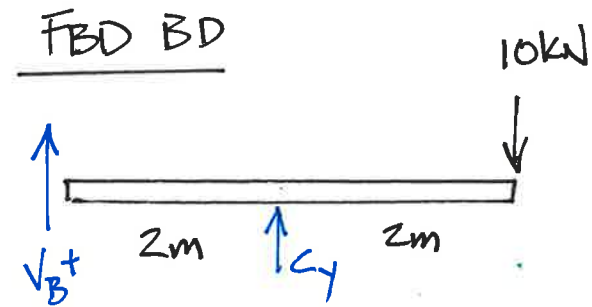
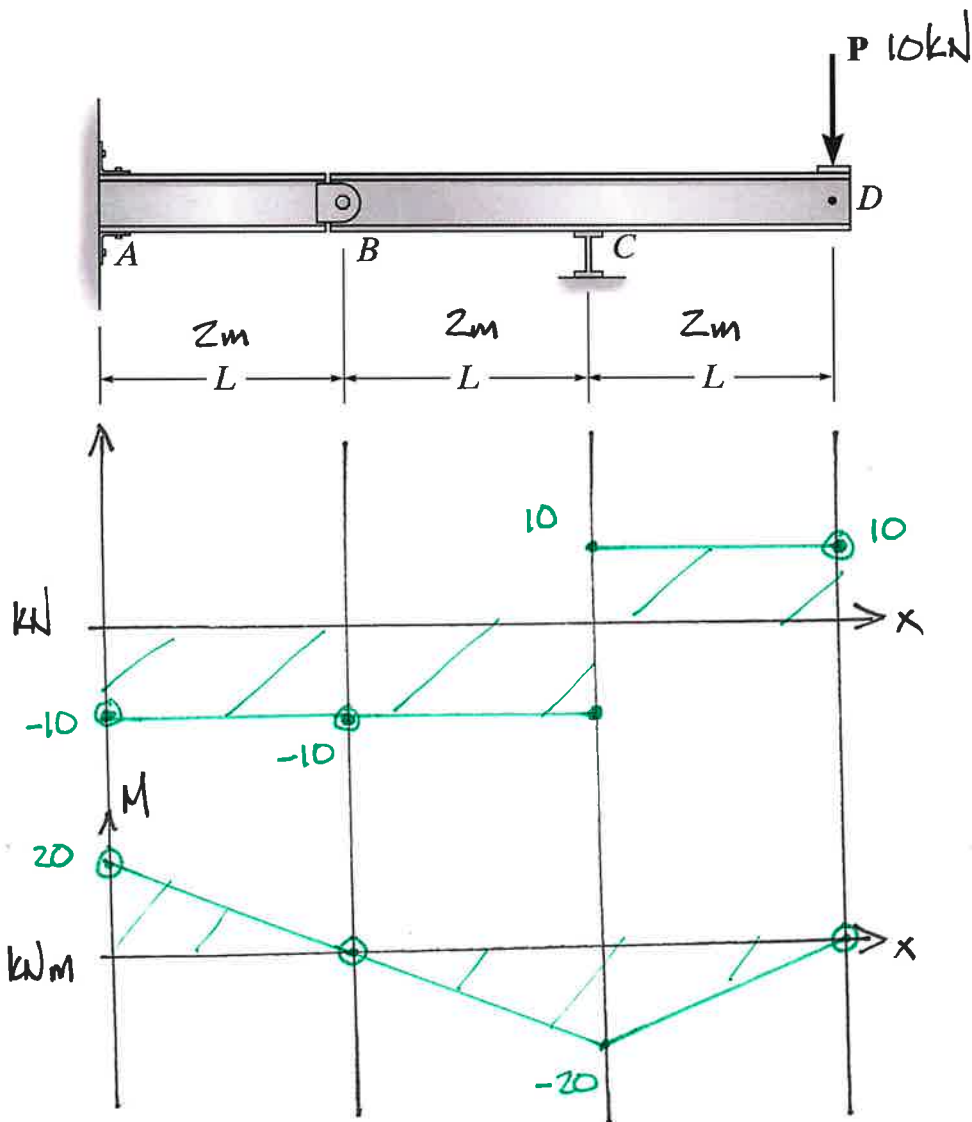
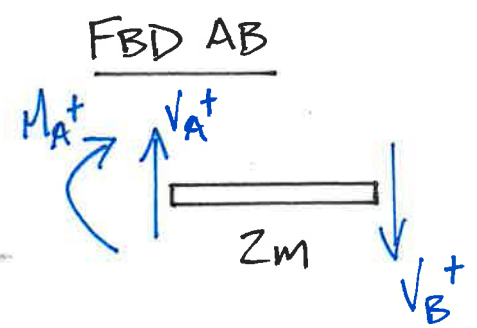


Example 7b-6: Use the conjugate beam method to determine the slope and displacement at point D. Assume that EI is constant.



$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_C = 0 &= -V_B(2m) - 10kN(2m) & \underline{V_B = -10kN} \\ \sum F_y = 0 &= V_B + C_y - 10kN & \underline{C_y = 20kN} \end{aligned}$$



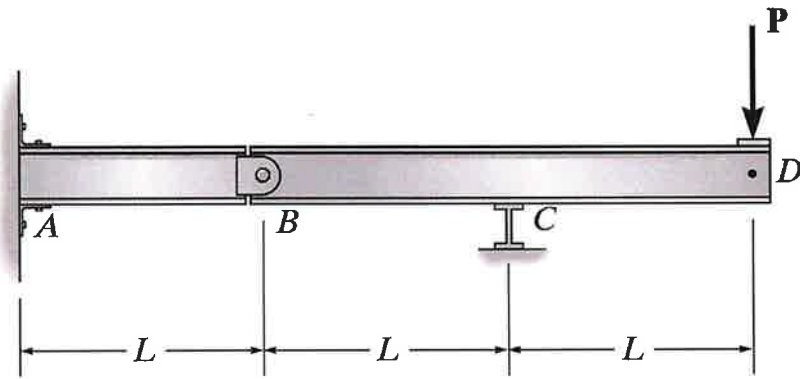
$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_A = 0 &= -M_A - V_B(2m) \\ &= -M_A - (-10)(2) \\ &= -M_A + 20 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{M_A = 20kNm}$$

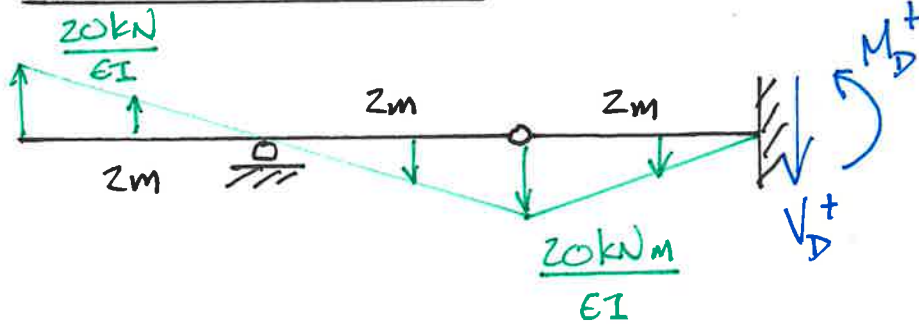
$$\sum F_y = 0 = V_A - V_B \quad \underline{V_A = -10kN}$$

Example 7b-6: Use the conjugate beam method to determine the slope and displacement at point D.

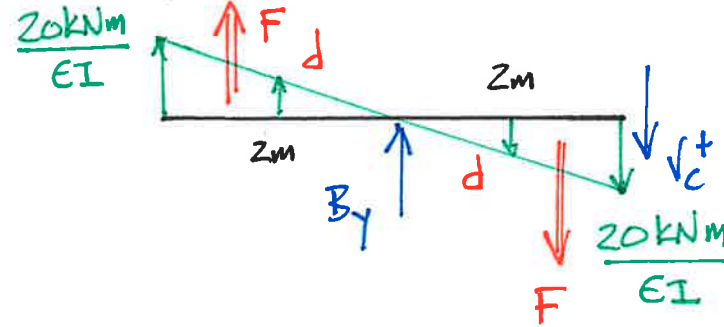
Assume that EI is constant.



CONJUGATE BEAM



FBD ABC



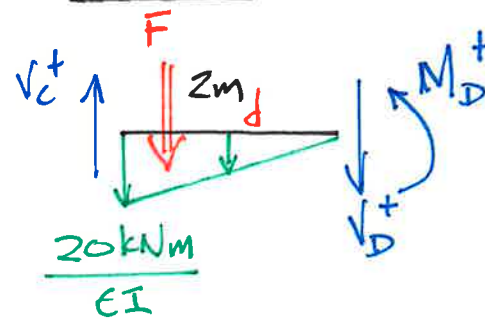
$$F = \frac{1}{2}(2m) \frac{20kNm}{EI}$$

$$d = \frac{2}{3}(2m) = \frac{4}{3}m$$

$$\sum M_B = 0 = -Fd - Fd - V_c(2m)$$

$$V_c = -\frac{80kNm}{3EI}$$

FBD CD



$$\sum M_D = 0 = M_D + Fd - V_c(2m)$$

$$M_D = -\frac{80kNm^3}{EI} \Rightarrow \theta_D$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 = V_c - F - V_D$$

$$V_D = -\frac{140kNm^2}{3EI} \Rightarrow \Delta_D$$