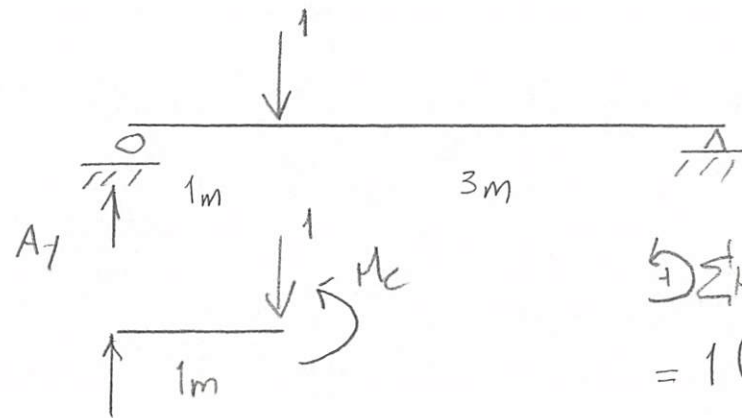
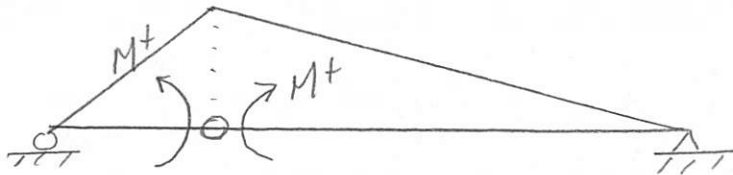
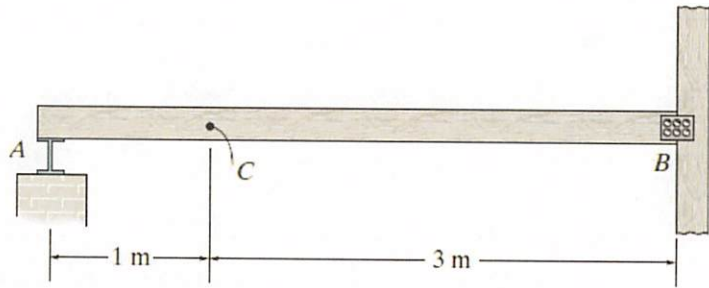


Example 6b-1: The beam supports a uniform dead load of 500 N/m and a single live concentrated force of 3 kN. Determine (a) the maximum positive moment at C and (b) the maximum positive shear at C.



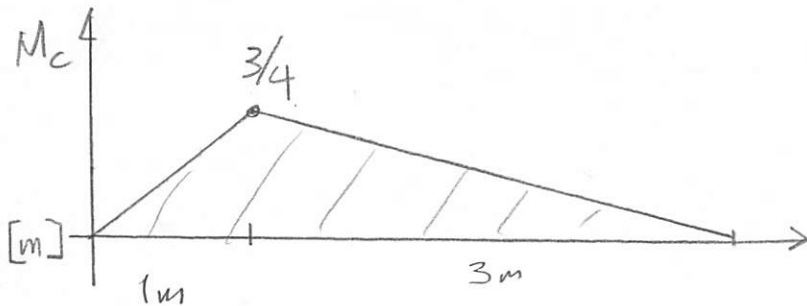
$$\sum M_B = 0$$

$$= 1(3\text{m}) - A_1(4\text{m})$$

$$A_1 = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\sum M_{cut} = 0 = M_C - A_1(1\text{m})$$

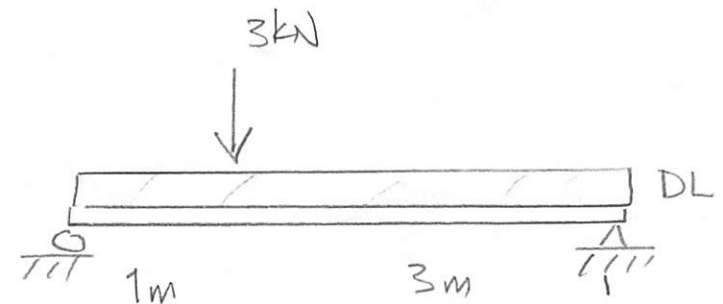
$$M_C = A_1(1\text{m}) = \frac{3}{4}\text{m}$$



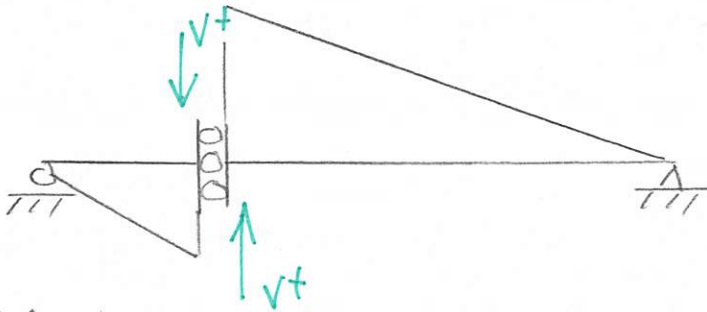
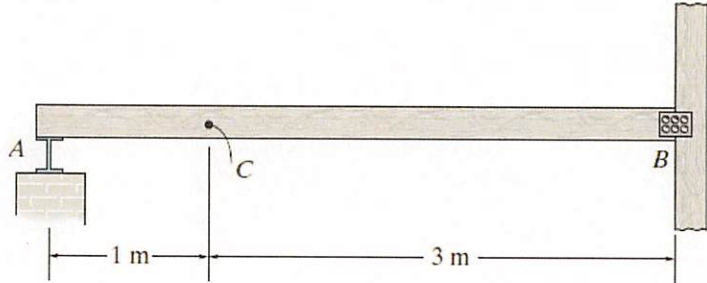
CONCENTRATED $3\text{ kN} \left(\frac{3}{4}\text{m} \right) = \underline{\underline{\frac{9}{4}\text{ kNm}}}$

DEAD LOAD $\frac{1}{2}\text{ kN/m} \left[\frac{1}{2}(4\text{m}) \left(\frac{3}{4}\text{m} \right) \right] = \underline{\underline{\frac{3}{4}\text{ kNm}}}$

$M_C = 3\text{ kNm}$



Example 6b-1: The beam supports a uniform dead load of 500 N/m and a single live concentrated force of 3 kN. Determine (a) the maximum positive moment at C and (b) the maximum positive shear at C.



CONCENTRATED FORCE

$$3 \text{ kN} \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) = \underline{\underline{\frac{9}{4} \text{ kN}}}$$

DEAD LOAD

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ kN/m} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left[1 \text{ m} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \right) + 3 \text{ m} \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \right] = \frac{1}{2} \text{ kN}$$

$$V_C = \frac{11}{4} \text{ kN} = \underline{\underline{2.75 \text{ kN}}}$$

