

Topographic Survey

Construction of Contours

- Compute the spacing of the elevation grid such that there is no more than 1-foot contour elevation change in each grid cell.
- Consider the following survey data:

Side	Length (ft.)
AB	162.43
BC	101.51
CD	145.63
DA	89.43

Point	Elevation
A	97.64
B	98.24
C	105.21
D	100.00

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Construction of Contours

- Grid spacing = $\text{Length}/|\Delta\text{Elevation}|$
- Repeat this calculation for each side of your site and use the smallest value for you grid spacing

Side	Length (ft.)	$ \Delta\text{Elevation} $	Grid Spacing
AB			
BC			
CD			
DA			

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Construction of Contours

- Grid spacing = $\text{Length}/|\Delta\text{Elevation}|$
- Repeat this calculation for each side of your site and use the smallest value for you grid spacing
- Select the smallest spacing = 14.56 ft.

Side	Length (ft.)	$ \Delta\text{Elevation} $	Grid Spacing
AB			
BC			
CD			
DA			

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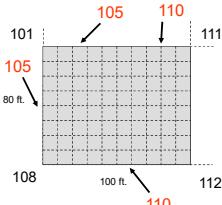
Construction of Contours

- If the grid spacing value is problematic to use or set-up, round down to a convenient value – probably a multiple of 10 ft.
- Grid spacing is 10 ft.

Side	Length (ft.)	$ \Delta\text{Elevation} $	Grid Spacing
AB	162.43	97.64 – 98.24	270.71
BC	101.51	98.24–105.21	14.56
CD	145.63	100.00–105.21	27.95
DA	89.43	97.64–100.00	37.89

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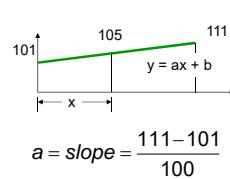
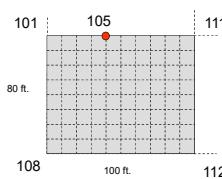
Construction of Contours



- First see if a contour interval exist between nodes of the grid cell; if so, estimate where along the side the contour interval would be located
- Apply simple linear interpolation to each side to locate the contour interval

Topographic Survey

Construction of Contours – top edge for 105



$$x = \frac{4(100)}{10} = 40 \text{ ft.}$$



$$105 = \frac{10}{100}x + 101$$

